

OGDEN VALLEY PLANNING COMMISSION

MEETING AGENDA

January 24, 2023

Pre-meeting 4:30/Regular Meeting 5:00

- Pledge of Allegiance
- Roll Call:
- 1. Vote on new Chair and Vice Chair for 2023
- 2. Approve Rules of Order
- 3. Minutes: None
- 4. Consent Items
- **4.1 CUP: 2023-01** Request for approval of a conditional use permit for a public utility substation that will house a well pumping facility for Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District. **Planner: Steve Burton**

Petitions, Applications, and Public Hearings:

- 5. Administrative Items:
- **5.1 UVT112822** Request for preliminary approval of The Ridge Townhomes PRUD Phase 5, consisting of 12 townhomes in three buildings, located at approximately 5286 E Moose Hollow Drive, Eden, UT, 84310. **Planner: Tammy Aydelotte**
- **5.2 UVG080922** Request for a recommendation of final approval of The Grove Cabins PRUD Phase 1 Subdivision, consisting of 11 lots, located at approximately 4553 N Seven Bridges Road, Eden, UT, 84310. **Planner: Tammy Aydelotte**

Petitions, Applications, and Public Hearings:

- 6. Legislative Items:
- **6.1 GPA 2022-03:** An amendment to the Ogden Valley General Plan adding an addendum to the General Plan addressing Moderate Income Housing reporting requirements per HB 462. Copies of the proposed addendum can be found at the following link: https://frontier.co.weber.ut.us/p/Project/Index/17464 **Planner: Bill Cobabe**
- 7. Public Comment for Items not on the Agenda:
- 8. Remarks from Planning Commissioners:
- 9. Planning Director Report:
- 10. Remarks from Legal Counsel

Adjourn to Work Session

WS1: Discussion regarding amendments to the Form Based Zone adding clarifying provisions related to street frontage, verbiage consistency, adding pedestrian pathway requirements, adding street cross-section options, refining mid-block accessway requirements, reconfiguring certain streets in the Nordic Valley Area Street Regulating Plan and New Town Eden Street Regulating Plan, and adding a new 4700 West Village Street Regulating Plan (Western Weber Planning Area), and amending provisions related to transferable development rights. Planner Charlie Ewert

The regular meeting will be held in person at the Weber County Commission Chambers, in the Weber Center, 1st Floor, 2380 Washington Blvd., Ogden, Utah.

& Via Zoom Video Conferencing at https://us02web.zoom.us/i/81920125209 Meeting ID: 819 2012 5209

A Pre-Meeting will be held at 4:30 p.m. The agenda for the pre-meeting consists of discussion of the same items listed above, on the agenda for the meeting. No decisions are made in the pre-meeting, but it is an open public meeting.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, persons needing auxiliary services for these meetings should call the Weber County Planning Commission at 801-399-8761

Meeting Procedures

Outline of Meeting Procedures:

- The Chair will call the meeting to order, read the opening meeting statement, and then introduce the item.
- The typical order is for consent items, old business, and then any new business.
- Please respect the right of other participants to see, hear, and fully participate in the proceedings. In this regard, anyone who becomes disruptive, or refuses to follow the outlined procedures, is subject to removal from the meeting.

Role of Staff:

- Staff will review the staff report, address the approval criteria, and give a recommendation on the application.
- * The Staff recommendation is based on conformance to the general plan and meeting the ordinance approval criteria.

Role of the Applicant:

- The applicant will outline the nature of the request and present supporting evidence.
- The applicant will address any questions the Planning Commission may have.

Role of the Planning Commission:

- To judge applications based upon the ordinance criteria, not emotions.
- The Planning Commission's decision is based upon making findings consistent with the ordinance criteria.

Public Comment:

- The meeting will then be open for either public hearing or comment. Persons in support of and in opposition to the application or item for discussion will provide input and comments.
- The commission may impose time limits for comment to facilitate the business of the Planning Commission.

Planning Commission Action:

- The Chair will then close the agenda item from any further public comments. Staff is asked if they have further comments or recommendations.
- A Planning Commissioner makes a motion and second, then the Planning Commission deliberates the issue. The Planning Commission may ask questions for further clarification.
- The Chair then calls for a vote and announces the decision.

Commenting at Public Meetings and Public Hearings

Address the Decision Makers:

- When commenting please step to the podium and state your name and address.
- Please speak into the microphone as the proceedings are being recorded and will be transcribed to written minutes.
- All comments must be directed toward the matter at hand.
- All questions must be directed to the Planning Commission.
- The Planning Commission is grateful and appreciative when comments are pertinent, well organized, and directed specifically to the matter at hand.

Speak to the Point:

- Do your homework. Obtain the criteria upon which the Planning Commission will base their decision. Know the facts. Don't rely on hearsay and rumor.
- The application is available for review in the Planning Division office.
- Speak to the criteria outlined in the ordinances.
- Don't repeat information that has already been given. If you agree with previous comments, then state that you agree with that comment.
- Support your arguments with relevant facts and figures.
- Data should never be distorted to suit your argument; credibility and accuracy are important assets.
- State your position and your recommendations.

Handouts:

- Written statements should be accurate and either typed or neatly handwritten with enough copies (10) for the Planning Commission, Staff, and the recorder of the minutes.
- Handouts and pictures presented as part of the record will be left with the Planning Commission.

Remember Your Objective:

- Keep your emotions under control, be polite, and be respectful.
- It does not do your cause any good to anger, alienate, or antagonize the group you are standing in front of.



Staff Report to the Ogden Valley Planning Commission

Weber County Planning Division

Synopsis

Application Information

Agenda Item: CUP: 2023-01 Request for approval of a conditional use permit for a public utility substation

that will house a well pumping facility for Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement

District.

Application Type: Administrative File Number: CUP 2023-01

Applicant: Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District

Approximate Address: 5675 E Elkhorn Drive, Eden

Project Area: 0.50 acres
Zoning: RE-15

Existing Land Use: Public Utility Substation
Proposed Land Use: Public Utility Substation

Parcel ID: N/A

Adjacent Land Use

North: Residential South: Residential East: Residential West: Residential

Staff Information

Report Presenter: Steve Burton

sburton@webercountyutah.gov

801-399-8766

Report Reviewer: RG

Applicable Ordinances

- Weber County Land Use Code Title 104 Chapter 3 (RE-15 Zone)
- Weber County Land Use Code Title 108 Chapter 4 (Conditional Uses)
- Weber County Land Use Code Title 108 Chapter 10 (Public Utility Substations)
- Weber County Land Use Code Title 108 Chapter 2 (Ogden Valley Architectural, Landscape, and Screening Standards)
- Weber County Land Use Code Title 108 Chapter 1 (Design Review)

Background and Summary

Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement district is requesting a conditional use permit for a well house facility on a property owned by Eden Village LLC that will be part of a residential subdivision in the near future. The purpose of the well house is to provide additional water and infrastructure to the district.

The application is being processed as an administrative review due to the approval procedures in Uniform Land Use Code of Weber County, Utah (LUC) §108-1-2 which require the planning commission to review and approve applications for conditional use permits and design reviews.

Analysis

<u>General Plan:</u> As a conditional use, this operation is allowed in the RE-15 Zone. With the establishment of appropriate conditions as determined by the land use authority, this operation will not negatively impact any of the goals and policies of the General Plan.

<u>Zoning:</u> The subject property is located within the RE-15 zone. The purpose and intent of the RE-15 zone are described in LUC 104-3-1:

The major purpose of the RE-15 and RE-20 Zones is to provide and protect residential development at a low density in a semi-agricultural or rural environment. It is also to provide for certain rural amenities on larger minimum lots, in conjunction with the primary residential nature of the zone.

The proposed site plan indicates that the well house and tank will be 30 feet from the front lot line, 8 feet from the rear lot line, and 20 feet from the side lot lines. This proposal meets the zoning setbacks except for the rear setback requirement of 30 feet, however, Sec 108-10-2, site development standards allow a rear setback of five feet minimum.

Under the LUC 108-10, there is not minimum lot area for public utility substations. The proposed improvements will be located on a site of approximately .50 acres.

<u>Conditional Use Review:</u> A review process has been outlined in LUC §108-4-3 to ensure compliance with the applicable ordinances and to mitigate anticipated detrimental effects. The applicant has received approval from the County Engineering Division and the Weber Fire District for the proposal.

The following is an analysis of the proposal reviewed against the conditional use standards:

- (1) Standards relating to safety for persons and property. The proposal is not anticipated or expected to negatively impact this property, surrounding properties, or persons. The applicant has submitted plans to re-seed any areas disturbed by construction with a mountain seed mix to re-vegetate the property.
- (2) Standards relating to infrastructure, amenities, and services: The proposal is not anticipated or expected to negatively impact any existing infrastructure, amenities, or services in the area.
- (3) Standards relating to the environment. The proposal is not anticipated or expected to negatively impact the environment.
- (4) Standards relating to the current qualities and characteristics of the surrounding area and compliance with the intent of the general plan. The proposal is not anticipated to negatively impact the surrounding area, nor is it contrary to the recommendations of the general plan.

<u>Design Review</u>: The proposed conditional use mandates a design review as outlined in LUC §108-1 to ensure that the general design, layout and appearance of the building remains orderly and harmonious with the surrounding neighborhood. The matters for consideration are as follows:

Considerations relating to traffic safety and traffic congestion. The proposal includes a site plan that identifies an access road to the pump house off of the future public street. Neither traffic safety hazards nor traffic congestion are anticipated given the minimal site visitations to the substations.

Considerations relating to landscaping. The owner has provided a landscaping plan that includes drought tolerant perennials and shrubs, included as part of exhibit A. The proposed landscaping plan meets the requirements outlined in the Architectural, Landscape, and Screening Design Standards (108-2).

Considerations relating to buildings and site layout. The applicant has submitted elevations of the proposed pump house (Exhibit A) that indicate the outside of the building will consist of hardieplank lap siding, split face CMU, and steel roofing, which complies with the aesthetic requirements outlined in LUC 108-2.

Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends approval of this conditional use application subject to the applicant meeting the review agency requirements and the following conditions:

1. Any outdoor lighting must meet the requirements of the Ogden Valley Outdoor Lighting Ordinance (108-16).

This recommendation is based on the following findings:

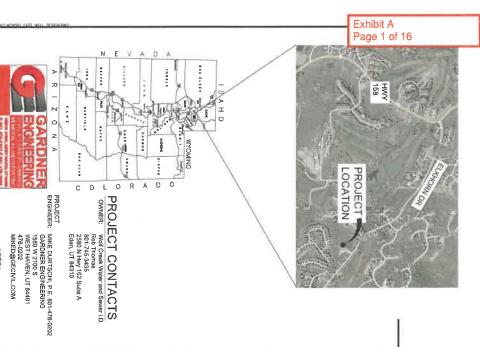
- The proposed use is allowed in the RE-15 zone and meets the appropriate site development standards.
- The criteria for issuance of a conditional use permit have been met because mitigation of potential detrimental effects can be accomplished.

Exhibits

A. Building elevations and Site Plan

Map 1





WCWSID - EAST WELL 5650 E ELKHORN DR

GENERAL NOTES

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TE DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS CONDITIONS ARE EXCOUNTERED BY THE CONTRACTOR, HIS SUBCONTRACTORS, OR OTHER AFFECTED PARTIES, WHICH COULD NOT BE STRUCTION THAT IS NOT IDENTIFIED IN THE PLANS OR SPECIFICATIONS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY.

THE COMPACTION IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING ALL LABOR AND INTEGALS, RECESSARY FOR THE COMPETION OF THE INTERNED IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THESE DEPAYMINGS OR DESIGNATED TO BE PROVIDED, INSTALLED, CONSTRUCTED, REMOVED AND RELOCATED UNLESS SPECIFICALLY NOTED OTHERWISE

10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR RECORDING AS-BUILT DRAWINGS ON A SET OF RECORD DRAWINGS KEPT AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE, AND AVAILABLE TO THE COUNTY INSPECTOR AT ALL TIMES. THE CONTRACTOR SMALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR KEEPING ROADWAYS FREE AND CLEAR OF ALL CONSTRUCTION DEBNIS AND DIRT TRACKED FROM THE STIE.

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NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR

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Christensen Geotechnical

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION
CG PROJECT NO.:110-009 W/ ADDENDUM
PREPARED BY: MARK CHRISTENSEN orad 30mth 2475 Hast South Weber, Utah 84405 Phone: 401 814-1714

> MICHAEL DUANE 10382576

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2018 International Codes, 2017 NEC, and the ICC A117.1-09

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9. COUNTY MAY REQUIRE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING BEFORE A PERMIT IS ISSUED. 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT BLUE STAXES FOR LOCATION MARKING PRIOR TO COMMERCING EXCAVATION ACTIVITIES.

10. STREETS ADJACENT TO THE PROJECT SHALL BE CLEAN AT ALL TIMES.

12. PRIOR TO TAKING WATER FROM A FIRE HYDRANT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE WATER UTILITY TO OBTAIN A WATER WETER. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ARRANGING FOR ALL REQUIRED INSPECTIONS

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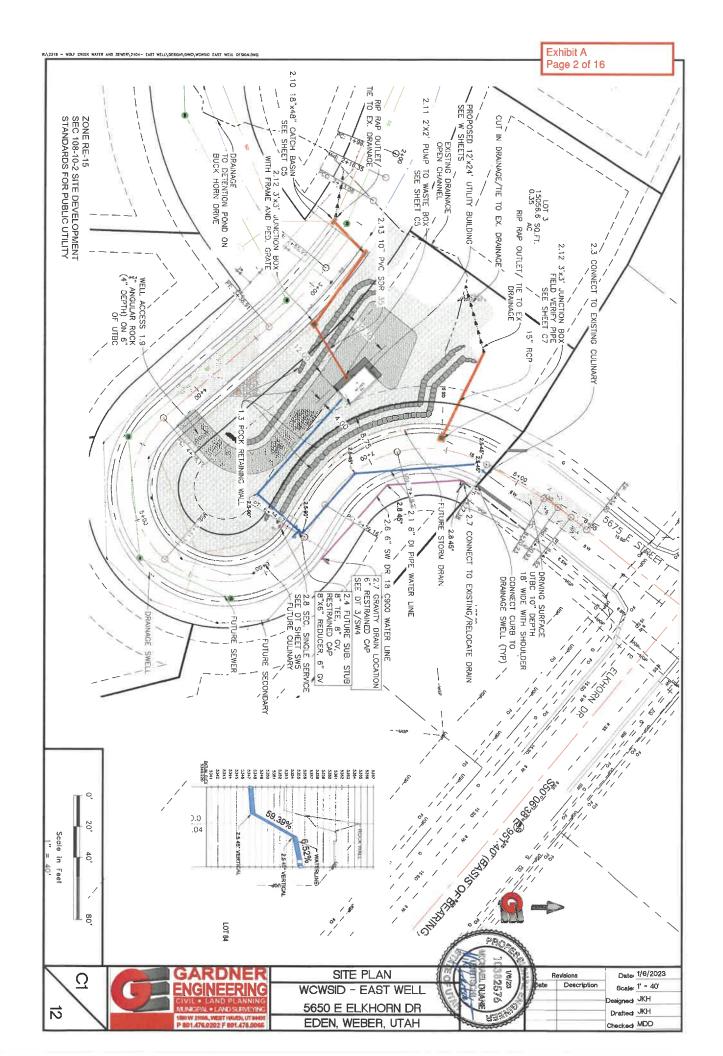
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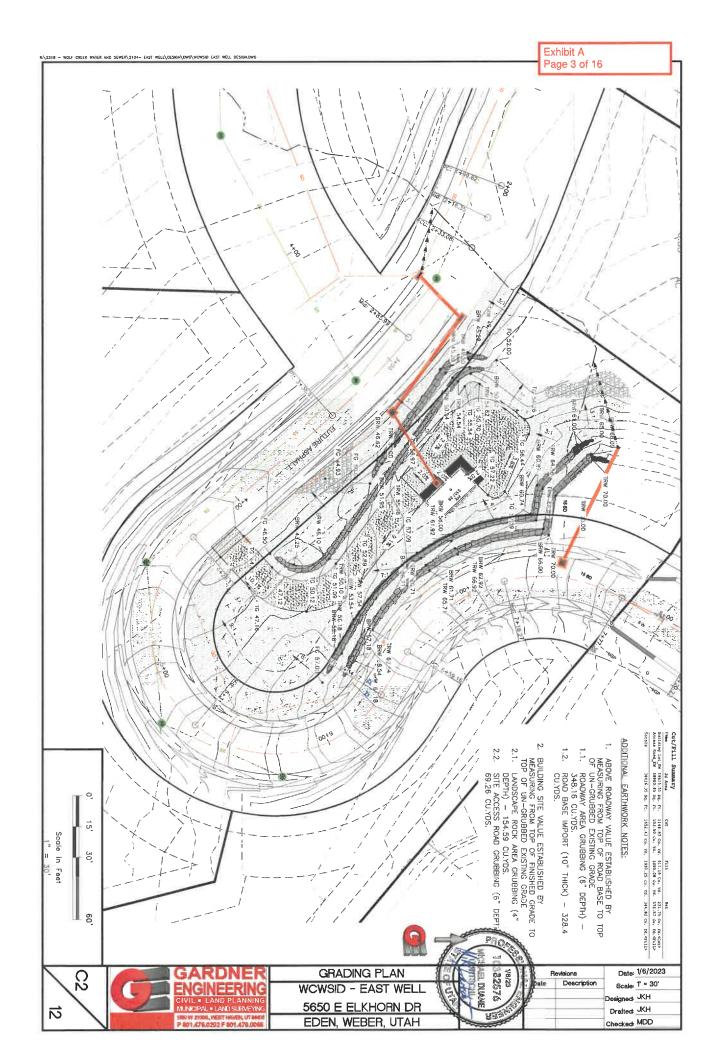
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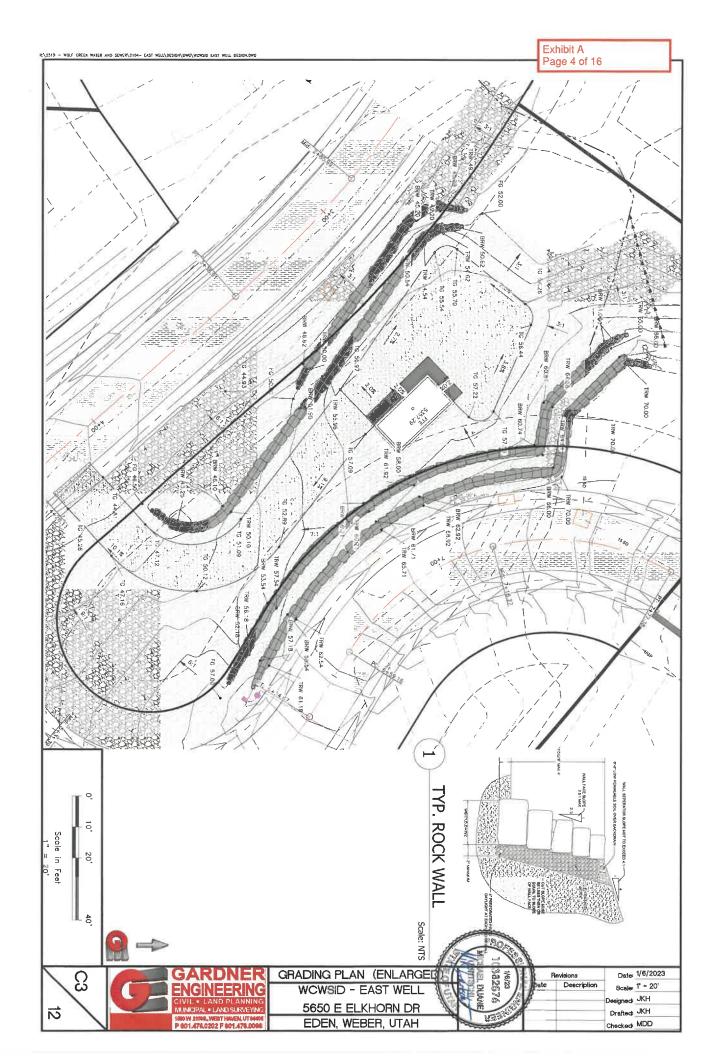
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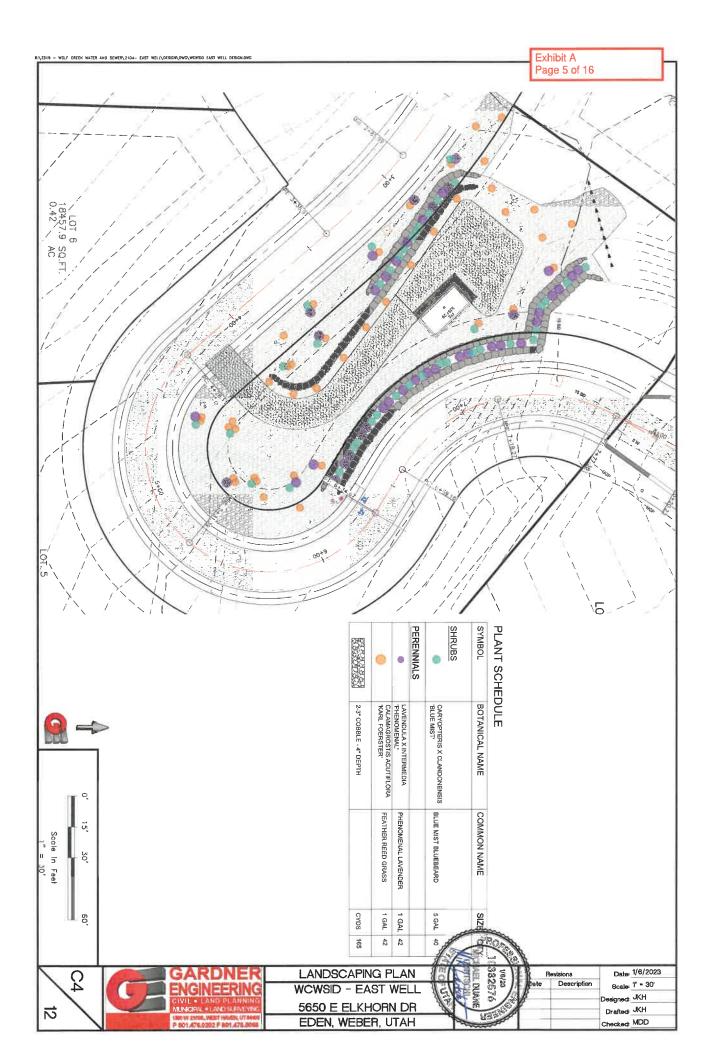
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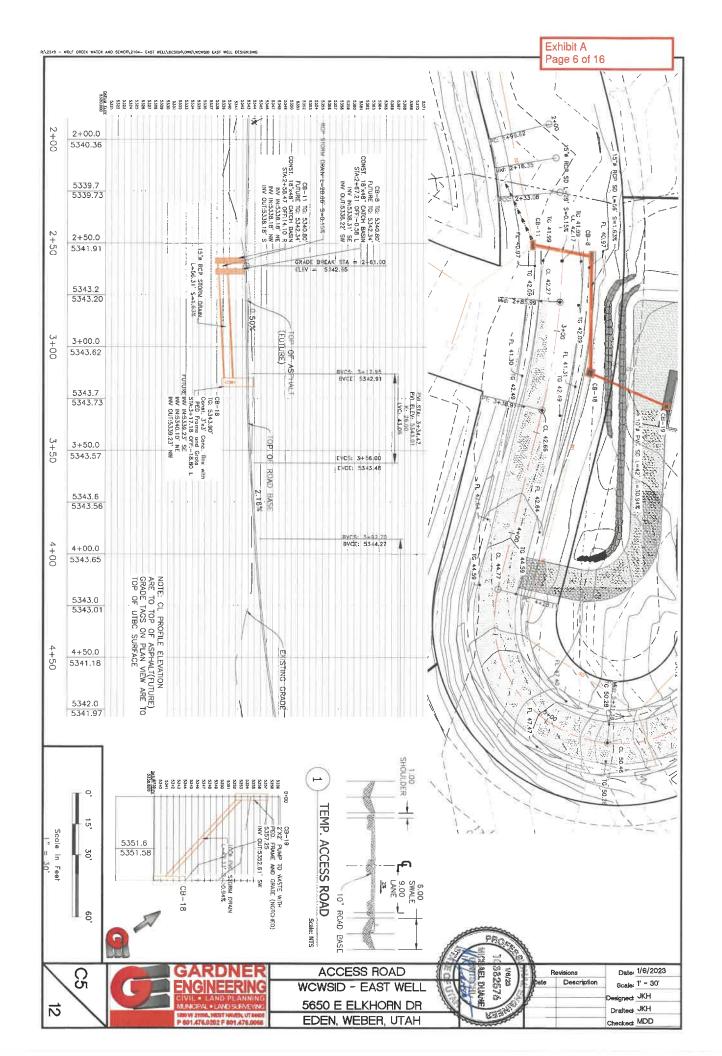
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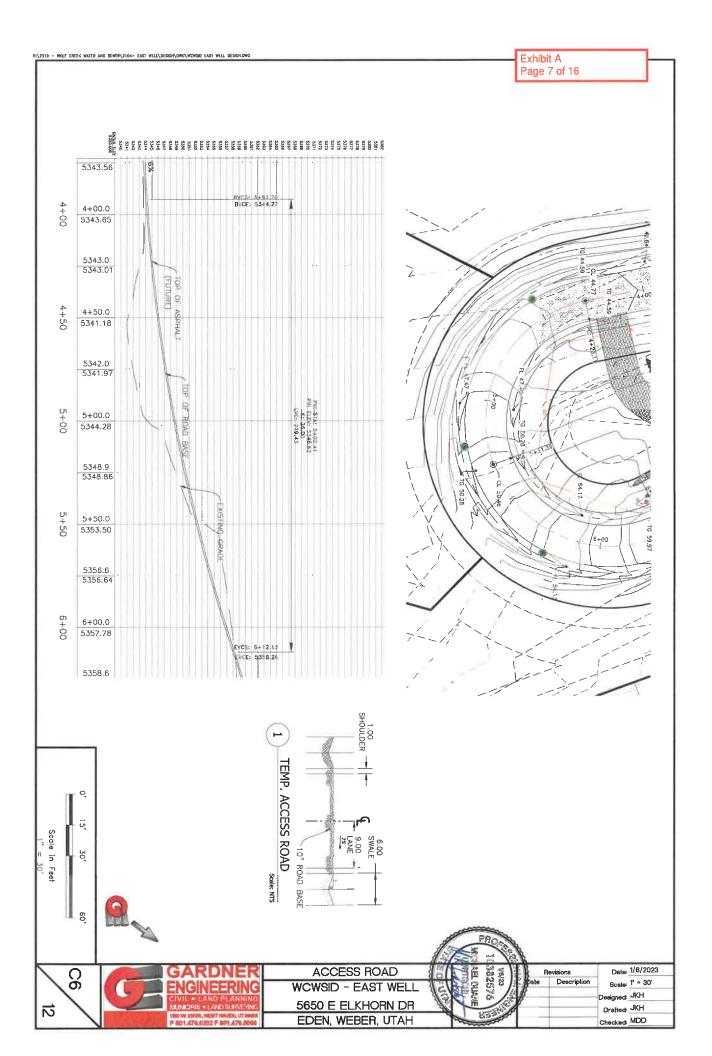


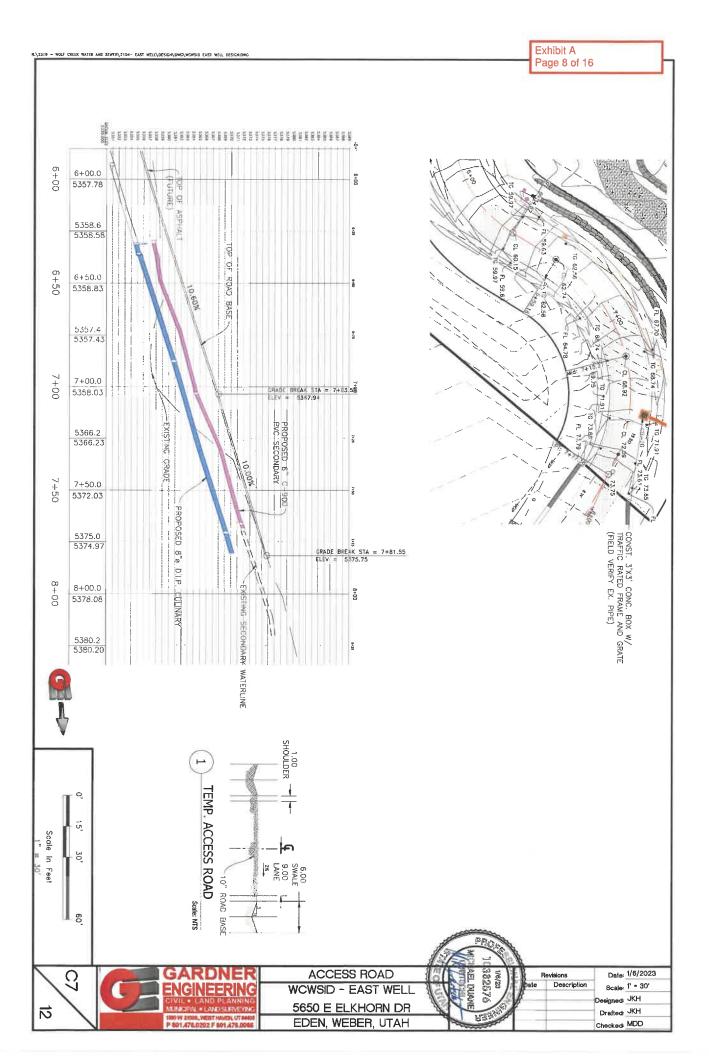


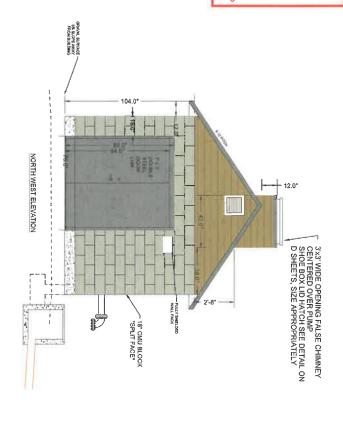


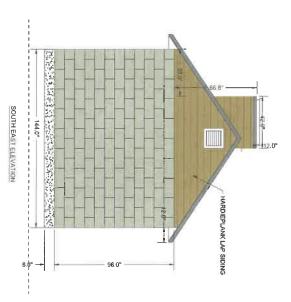












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- NOTES: SEE SPECIFICATIONS
 1. ALL VENTS AND WINDOW SHALL HAVE NO.16 STAINLESS STEEL SCREENING AND ALL VENTS SHALL HAVE INSULATED LOUVERS RATED FOR THE SITE CONDITIONS.
- 2. WELL HEAD ROOM SHALL HAVE A FAN AND EXHAUST VENT WITH INSULATED LOUVRE, VENTILATION SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY SWITCH OR TEMPERATURE SETTING.
- OUTDOOR LIGHTING SHALL CONFORM TO OGDEN VALLEY OUTDOOR LIGHTING STANDARDS. LIGHT COLOR 3000K OR LESS, LIGHT SHALL BE FULLY SHIELDED FROM PROJECTING INTO SKY AND ADJACENT LOTS, LIGHTS SHALL BE OPERATED BY SENSORS, WITH A TWO MINUTE TIME SHUT OFF SETTING.
- 5. HANG 1/2" SAG-AND MOISTURE-RESISTANT DRY WALL ON CEILING, PRIME + PAINT W/ 2 COATS SEMI- GLOSS ENAMEL 4. MATERIAL COLORS OF THE OUTER WELL HOUSE SHALL BE OF EARTHEN COLORS AND APPROVED BY ENGINEER.
- 6. INSTALL R-38 BATTING IN ATTIC AND INSTALL EXTERIOR WALLS WITH R-38 VALUE INSULATION PER CODE.
- 7. INSTALL WOOD (NO PRESS BOARD.) AROUND WALL/CEILING INTERFACE, W/ PRIMER AND 2 COATS SEMI GLOSS ENAMEL
- 9. PROVIDE ATTIC ACCESS PER CODE, TRIM OPENINGS. 8. INSTALL MOISTURE BARRIER AND STEEL ROOFING SYSTEM. ATTIC VENTING AS PER WEBER COUNTY BUILDING CODE.
- 10.PROVIDE APPROPRIATELY LOCATED AND SIZED OPENING IN CEILING W/ REMOVABLE CEILING PANEL FOR ATTIC ACCESS PANELS SHALL BE INSULATED, TRIM CEILING AROUND OPENING.

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NOTES: SEE SPECIFICATIONS
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- 3. OUTDOOR LIGHTING SHALL CONFORM TO OGDEN VALLEY OUTDOOR LIGHTING STANDARDS. LIGHT COLOR
- 5. HANG 1/2" SAG-AND MOISTURE-RESISTANT DRY WALL ON CEILING, PRIME + PAINT W/ 2 COATS SEMI- GLOSS
- 8. INSTALL MOISTURE BARRIER AND STEEL ROOFING SYSTEM, ATTIC VENTING AS PER WEBER COUNTY

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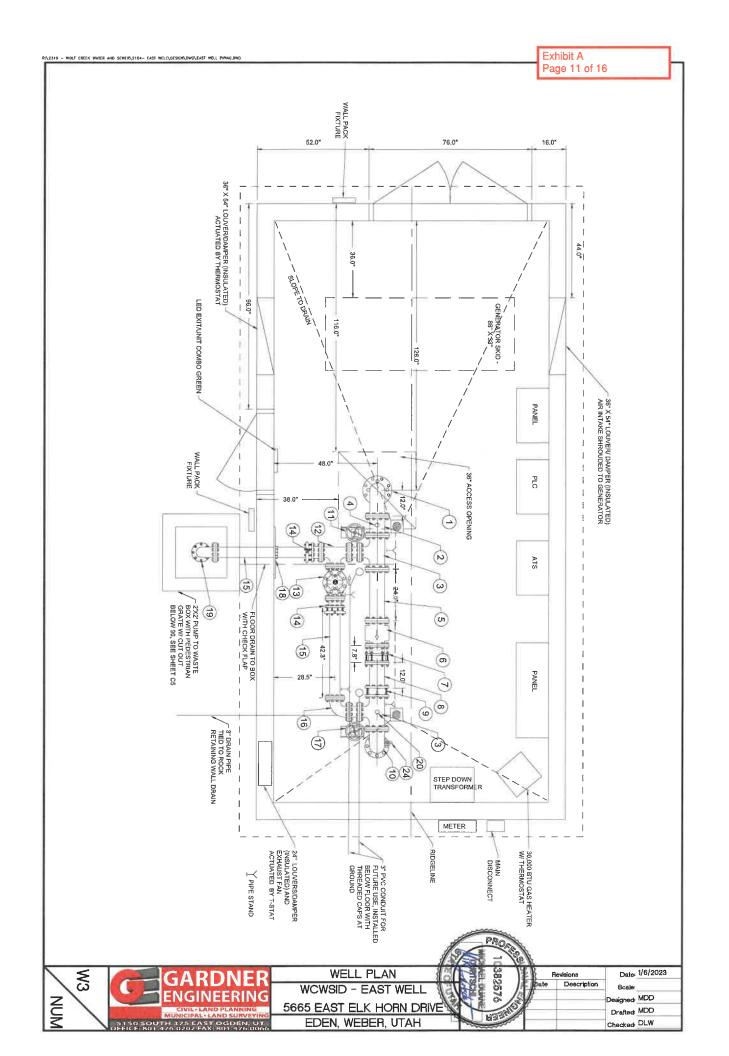
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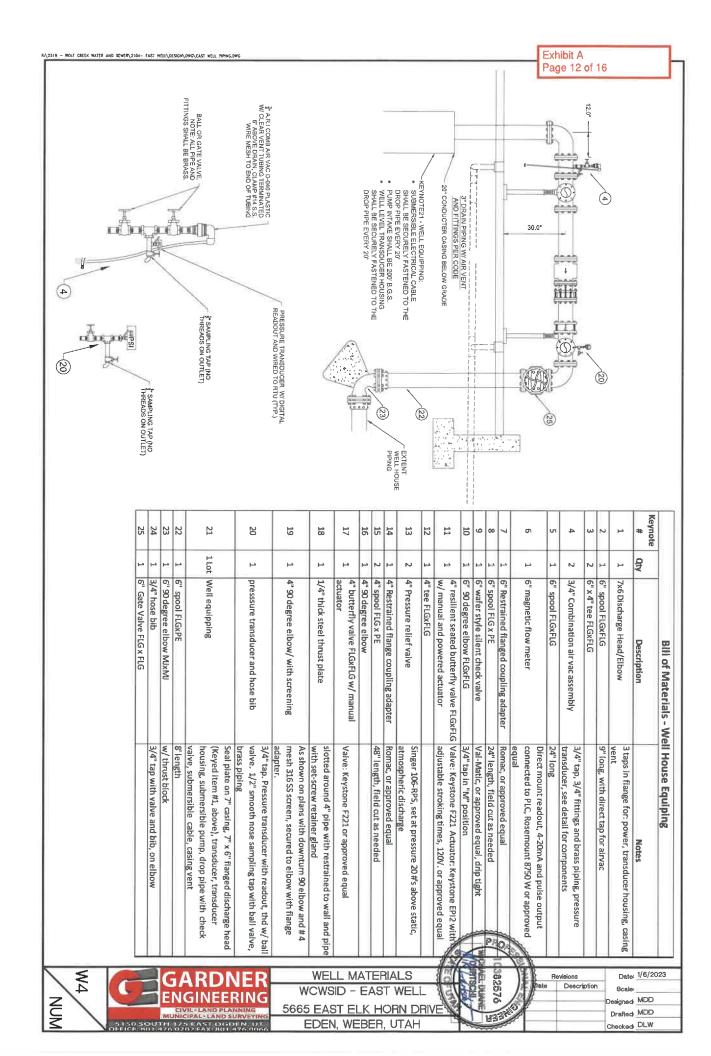
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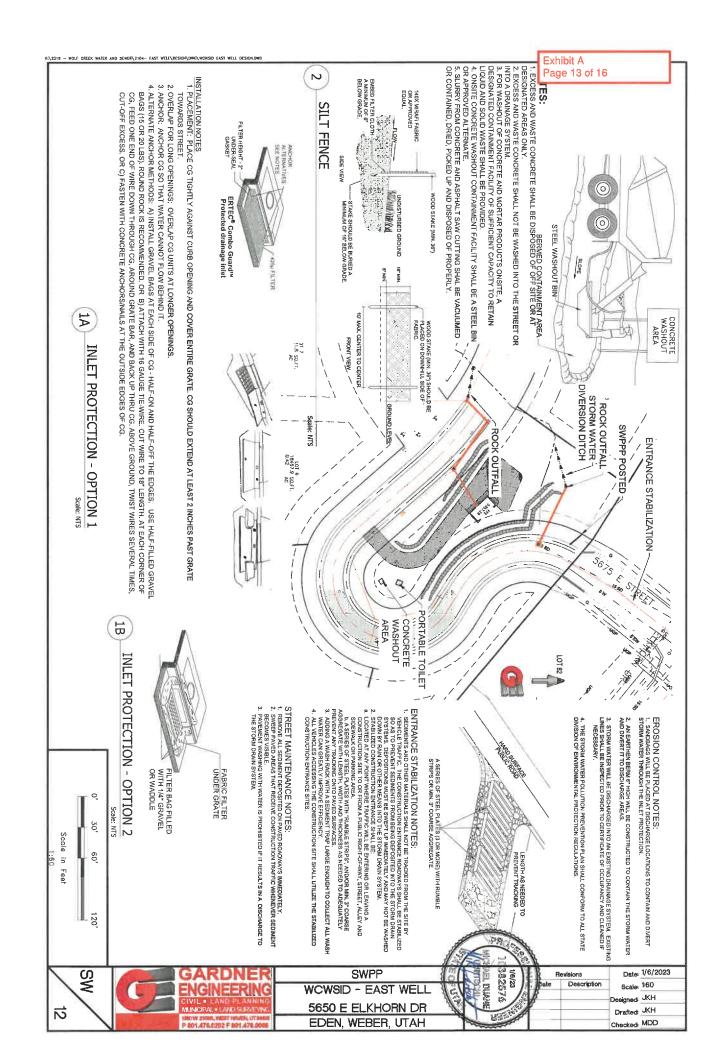
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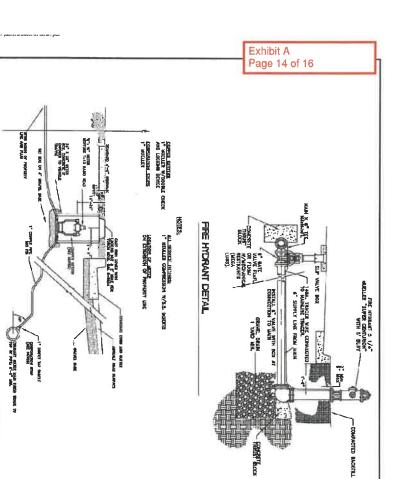
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STEEL ROOFING SYSTEM











TYPICAL WATER CONNECTION/RE-CONNECTION

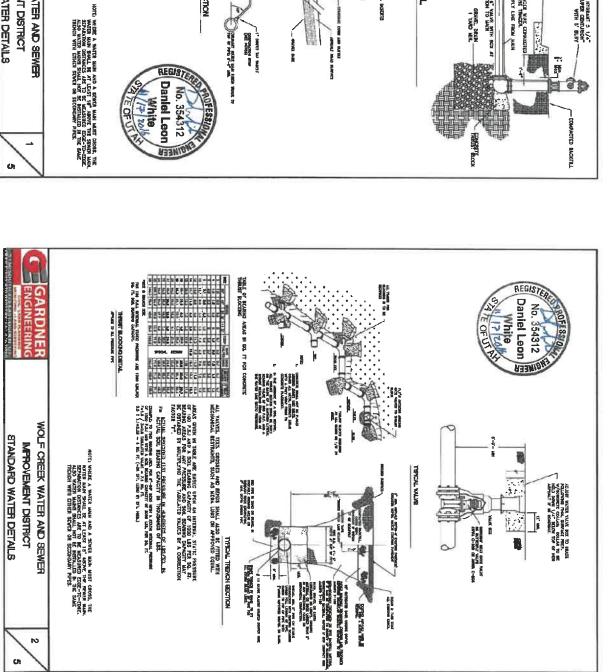
REGISTERS

Daniel Leon No. 354312

White

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STANDARD WATER DETAILS



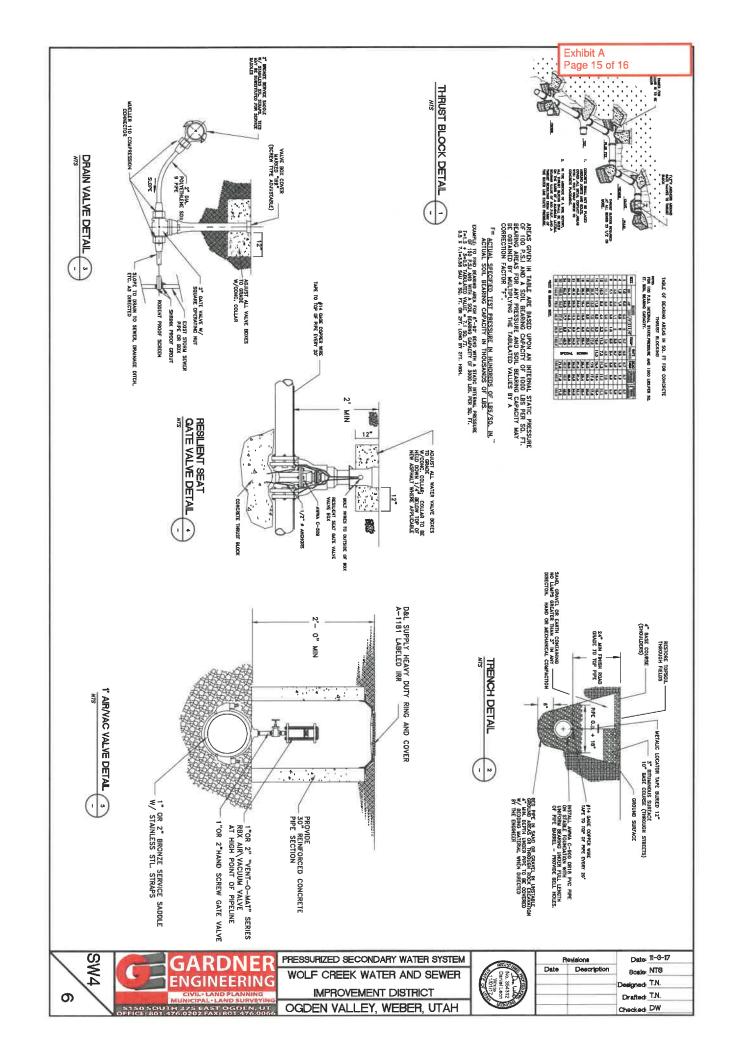


Exhibit A Page 16 of 16

FITTINGS ARE 1'

APPROVAL BEFORE LOCATING

STIFFENERS.

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(2) 1½"X1" BRASS BUSHING

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9

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METER BOX ASSEMBLY FORD PK 488-18-95059-015 OR HUELLER 3310131818FAAS00507N SEE DETAILS AT LEFT. PURPLE POLYMER COVER STAMPED "DRRIGATION"

1' BRASS CAP WATER METER MEPTUNE MACH 10 ULTRASIDUC FURNISHED AND INSTALLED BY VCVSID PAID BY CUSTOMER 14"X19"X12" PURPLE CARSON OR EQUIV, CONTROL VALVE BOX AND LID PURPLE LID COVER STAMPED "DRIGATION"

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SERVICE CONNECTION WOLF CREEK WATER AND SEWER IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OGDEN VALLEY, WEBER, UTAH



В	evisions	Date	6-28-18
Date	Description	Scale:	NTS
		Designed	DW
		Drefted	KAN
		Checked	DW



Staff Report to the Ogden Valley Planning Commission

Weber County Planning Division

Synopsis

Application Information

Agenda Item: File No.: UVT112822 – Request for preliminary approval of The Ridge Townhomes PRUD

Phase 5, consisting of 12 townhomes in three buildings, located at approximately 5286 E

Moose Hollow Drive, Eden, UT, 84310

Type of Decision: Administrative

Agenda Date: Tuesday, January 24, 2023

Applicant: Ridge Utah Development Corporation, a Utah corporation

Authorized Representative: Eric Householder **File Number:** UVT112822

Property Information

Approximate Address: 5286 East Moose Hollow Drive

Project Area: 2.90 acres
Zoning: FR-3
Existing Land Use: Vacant
Proposed Land Use: PRUD
Parcel ID: 22-281-0006

Township, Range, Section: T7N, R1E, Section 27

Adjacent Land Use

North: Moose Hollow Dr. - Private Drive South: Vacant – Future Development

East: Vacant/Future Development West: Residential

Staff Information

Report Presenter: Tammy Aydelotte

taydelotte@webercountyutah.gov

801-399-8794

Report Reviewer: SB

Applicable Ordinances

- Title 101, Chapter 1 General Provisions, Section 7, Definitions
- Title 104, Zones, Chapter 17 Forest Residential Zone (FR-3)
- Title 104, Zones, Chapter 27 Natural Hazards Overlay Zone
- Title 104, Zones, Chapter 28 Ogden Valley Sensitive Lands Overlay Districts
- Title 106, Subdivisions, Chapter 1-8 as applicable
- Title 108, Chapter 5 Planned Residential Unit Development

Summary and Background

The Planning Division recommends preliminary subdivision approval of The Ridge Townhomes PRUD Phase 5. The proposed subdivision is zoned FR-3 and is part of the master planned community within the Wolf Creek Resort known as "The Ridge Townhomes at Wolf Creek PRUD" which consists of five phases (48 units) over 14.46 acres and approximately 10.11 acres (63%) of open space/common area (see Exhibit A). The proposed subdivision phase will consist of 2.90 acres with 12 townhomes in three 6,792 square foot 4-plex buildings and approximately 2.51 acres (87%) of common area (see Exhibit B).

The PRUD received the required Conditional Use Permit, Design Review, Ogden Valley Architectural, Landscape and Screening Design Standards and Preliminary Subdivision approval from the Weber County Commission on December 10, 2013 after receiving a positive recommendation from the Ogden Valley Planning Commission on November 11, 2013.

Phase 4 recorded 11/13/2019.

The Uniform Land Use Code of Weber County (LUC) §106-1-5 identifies the approval process for preliminary subdivision. The proposed subdivision exceeds the amount of lots that can be administratively approved as part of a phasing process;

therefore the final plat must be considered and approved by the County Commission after receiving a recommendation from the Planning Commission. The proposed subdivision and lot configuration is in conformance with the current zoning, the approved PRUD and the Zoning Development Agreement Conceptual Land Use Plan as well as the applicable subdivision requirements as required in the LUC.

Analysis

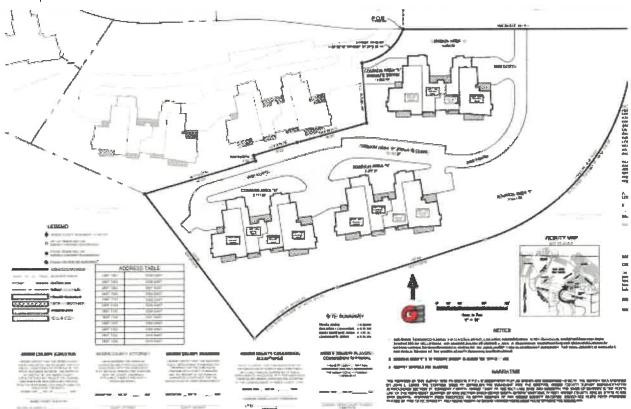
<u>General Plan:</u> The proposal conforms to the Ogden Valley General Plan by encouraging development within the existing resort-related areas.

<u>Zoning:</u> The subject property is located in the Forest Residential Zone more particularly described as the FR-3 zones. The purpose and intent of the FR-3 zone is identified in the LUC § 104-17-1 as:

"The purpose in establishing the Forest Residential, FR-3 zone is to provide for medium density residential uses of apartment clusters or condo-tels adjacent to and in conjunction with major recreational resorts, recreation areas and facilities in the mountain areas of Weber County on the basis that such medium density multiple-family housing is an integral and normal part of a recreational resort complex catering to the needs of both tourists and permanent home ownership. This zone is intended to be used in mountain locations in areas associated with major recreational resorts."

As part of the subdivision process, the proposal has been reviewed against the current subdivision ordinance in LUC §106, the PRUD ordinance in LUC §108-5, and the applicable standards in the FR-3 zone (LUC §104-17) to ensure that the regulations and standards have been adhered to. The proposed subdivisions, with the recommended conditions listed in this staff report, are in conformance with county code. The following is a brief synopsis of the review criteria and conformance with the LUC.

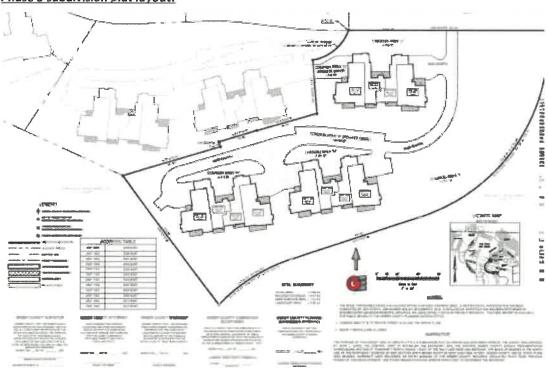
<u>Lot area, frontage/width and yard regulations</u>: The proposed subdivision is last of five phases in The Ridge Townhomes PRUD and is in compliance with the approved PRUD and preliminary subdivision for the multi-phased development.



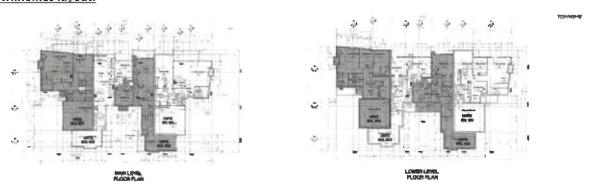
The purpose and intent of a Planned Residential Unit Development (PRUD) is intended to "allow for diversification in the relationship of various uses and structures to their sites and to permit more flexibility of such sites and to encourage new and imaginative concepts in the design of neighborhood and housing projects in urbanizing areas" (LUC§ 108-5-2). The Ridge Townhomes PRUD Phase 5 utilizes the allowed flexibility with the proposed townhomes. The proposed layout is arranged in such a way to provide the occupants of the townhomes views of

Pineview Reservoir and Mt. Ogden. The 12 townhomes are all two stories with limited common area and common area surrounding the 4-plexs. Access to the townhomes will be off of 3450 North St. with a 16 foot shared driveway. As part of the preliminary subdivision approval, the townhomes must be located a minimum of 15 feet from 3450 North St. and will be constructed within the building envelope shown on the subdivision plat. The architectural style of the proposed townhomes is considered to be "Mountain Modern" and will vary in size from approximately 1400 to 2100 square feet with a maximum building height of 26 feet. Based on the allowed flexibility of the approved PRUD, the subdivision layout, building configurations and unit sizes in Phase 5 the proposal is acceptable as reflected below:

Phase 5 subdivision plat layout:



Townhomes layout:



Townhomes architectural renderings:



Page 3 of 15

<u>Ogden Valley Sensitive Lands Overlay Districts</u>: The development area falls within an area identified as an "Important Wildlife Habitat Area" that is part of the Ogden Valley Sensitive Lands Overlay Districts (LUC§ 104-28). The proposed subdivision has been designed to ensure that development standards in this area will follow the principles and standards established regarding the location of buildings, structures, roads, trails and other similar facilities to protect important wildlife habitat and their functions including wildlife movement across areas dominated by human activities by limiting the areas of disturbance.

<u>Natural Hazards Overlay Zone:</u> The proposed subdivision is located in a Zone "X" as determined by FEMA to be an area determined to be outside 500-year floodplain.

A geologic hazards assessment has been performed and a report has been prepared by IGES dated September 12, 2016, identified as Project #02348-001. All site development will need to adhere to the geologic and geotechnical recommendations in the report. According to the report, the location of the club/pool house will need additional site specific geologic and geotechnical investigation in conjunction with a building permit. A note shall be added to the plat to notify the future property owners of the geologic and geotechnical report on file with the Weber County Planning Division as well as the requirement for further geologic and geotechnical investigation prior to submitting for a building permit from Weber County for only the club/pool house.

Upon recording the final subdivision Mylar a separate "Natural Hazards Disclosure" document will be required to be recorded to provide adequate notice of the geotechnical and geological recommendations to future property owners. A condition of approval has been added to staff's recommendations to ensure that a note is on the final Mylar to provide adequate notification for future property owners.

<u>Culinary water, irrigation water and sanitary sewage disposal:</u> The applicant has provided a will-serve letter from the Wolf Creek Water and Sewer District for the culinary and irrigation water and sanitary sewer (see Exhibit C). The applicant will need to provide a construct permit from the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality Division of Drinking Water for the expansion of the water system and water lines serving the subdivision prior to the subdivision receiving final approval from the County Commission. A condition of approval has been added to ensure that a construct permit from the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality Division of Drinking Water prior to approval by the County Commission.

<u>Review Agencies</u>: The Weber County Surveyor's Office and Weber Fire District have reviewed the proposal and have provided the applicant with the additional items that will be required prior recording the final Mylar. A review from the Weber County Engineering has not been provided to the applicant to date. A condition of approval has been made part of staff's recommendations to ensure that any conditions of the applicable reviewing agencies are strictly adhered to.

<u>Additional design standards and requirements:</u> Per approval of the original conditional use permit for this PRUD, if the applicant would like to utilize the ability to have short-term rentals as an option allowed in the PRUD ordinance for the owner's in The Ridge Townhomes PRUD Phase 5, a note will need to be added to the final Mylar to declare that the subdivision is approved for short-term rentals per LUC§ 108-5-4(d) which states:

"Any housing units to be developed or used, in whole or in part, for sleeping rooms (including lockout sleeping rooms) for nightly rentals shall be declared and designated on the site development plan, and shall adhere to the additional parking requirements for rental sleeping rooms as provided in title 108, chapter 8, section 2 of this Land Use Code."

A condition of approval has been made part of staff's recommendations to ensure that if the applicant desires to allow short-term rentals as part of The Ridge Townhomes PRUD Phase 5, a note will be added to the final subdivision Mylar to provide notice of the approved short-term rental option.

Per approval of CUP 2013-25, a landscaping plan consisting of a variety of shrubs, deciduous and evergreen trees that meet the size and caliper required by the Weber County Land Use Code Title 108 Chapter 2, shall be required to either be included in the escrow for improvements, prior to final approval by the County Commission.

<u>Tax clearance:</u> The 2022 property taxes have been paid in full. The 2023 property taxes will be due in full on December 1, 2023.

Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends preliminary subdivision approval of The Ridge Townhomes PRUD Phase 5, consisting of 12 units. This recommendation for approval is subject to all review agency requirements and based on the following conditions:

- 1. A cost estimate for the improvements and a draft copy of any CC&R's will be required prior to receiving final approval from the County Commission.
- 2. Prior to recording, a note will be added to the final subdivision Mylar to provide notice that the final geologic and geotechnical report is on file with Weber County Planning Division.
- 3. A "Natural Hazards Disclosure" document will be required to be recorded with the final subdivision Mylar to provide adequate notice of any geotechnical and geological recommendations for future property owners.
- 4. A construct permit from the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality Division of Drinking Water must be submitted to Weber County Planning Division prior to forwarding the application for approval by the County Commission
- 5. If the applicant desires, a note must be added to the final Mylar to provide notice of the approved short-term rental option.

This recommendation is based on the following findings:

- 1. The proposed subdivision conforms to the Ogden Valley General Plan.
- 2. The proposed subdivision conforms to the approved Zoning Development Agreement.
- 3. The proposed subdivision conforms to the approved PRUD.
- 4. With the recommended conditions, the proposed subdivision complies with all previous approvals and the applicable County ordinances.
- 5. The proposed subdivision will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, or welfare.
- 6. The proposed subdivision will not deteriorate the environment of the general area so as to negatively impact surrounding properties and uses.

Exhibits

- A. The Ridge Townhomes at Wolf Creek PRUD Phasing Plan
- B. The Ridge Townhomes PRUD Phase 5
- C. Wolf Creek Water and Sewer District Will Serve Letters

Location Map



Exhibit A-The Ridge Townhomes at Wolf Creek PRUD Phasing Plan

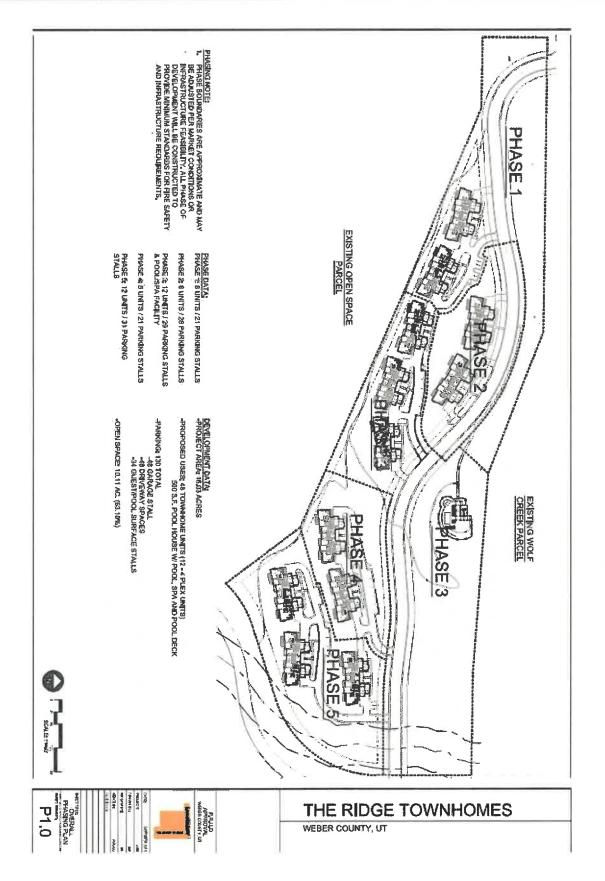
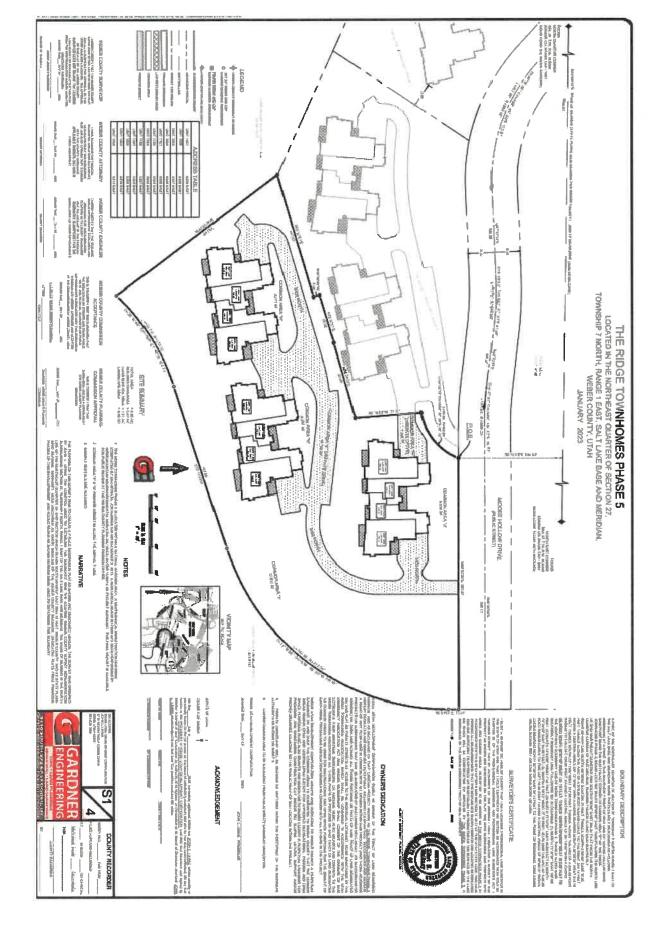
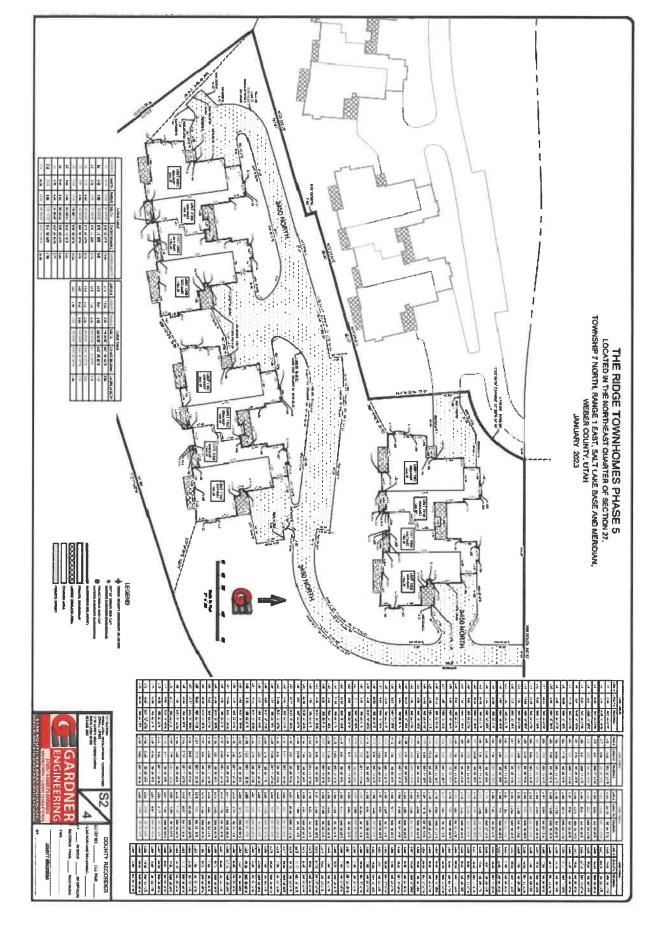
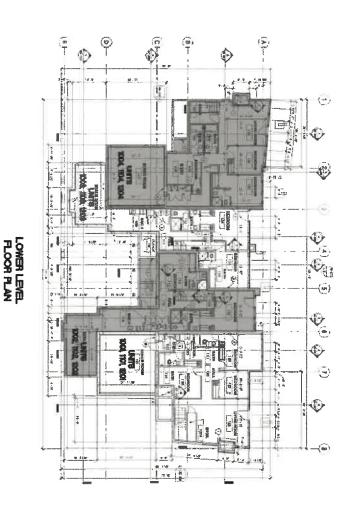


Exhibit B-The Ridge Townhomes PRUD Phase 5







THE RIDGE TOWNHOMES PHASE 5

LOCATED IN THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 7 NORTH, RANGE 1 EAST, SALT LAKE BASE AND MERIDIAN,

WEBER COUNTY, UTAH JANUARY 2023

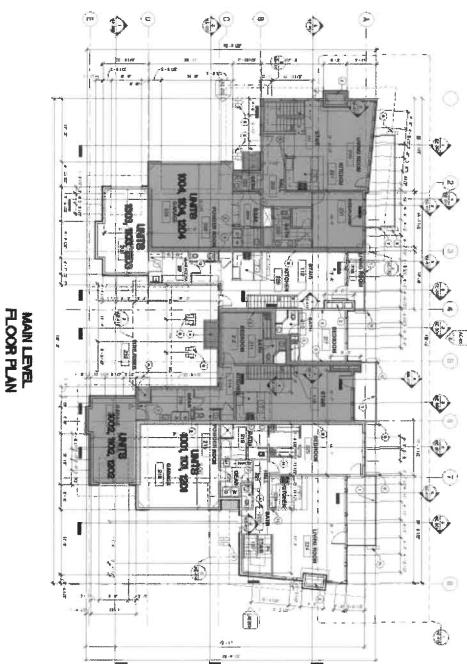
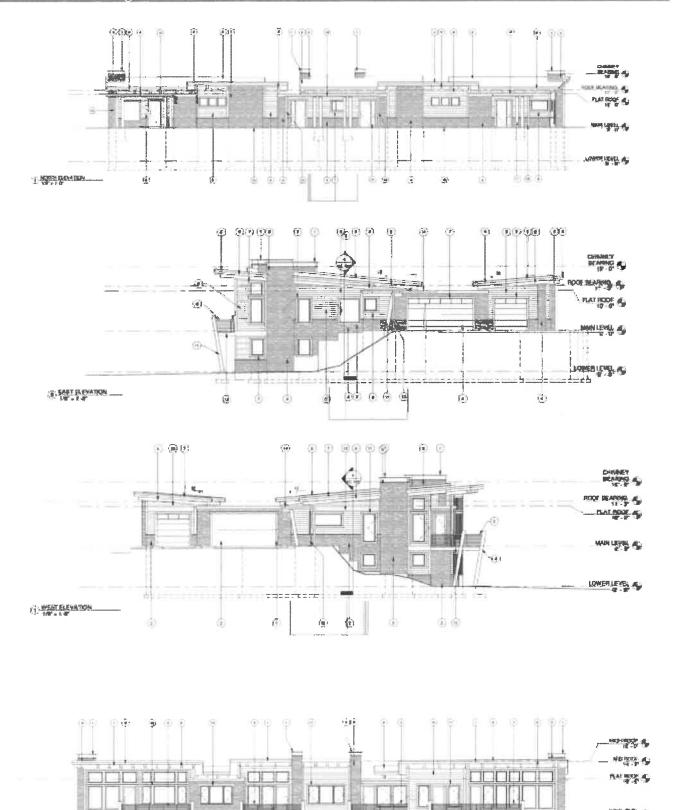


Exhibit B-The Ridge Townhomes PRUD Phase 5

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23

Exhibit C-Will Serve



November 11, 2022

Weber County

RE- Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District services to Address(s):

The Ridge Subdivision

Ridge Phase 5 Building 10 Units 1 -4

Eden, 177

To whom it may concern,

This letter confirms that Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District has reviewed the capacity of its resources, and determined it will provide culinary water, irrigation water and sewer services to the above referenced address(e). This Can and Will Serve commitment applies to the above referenced address only and is non-transferable.

Residential services to be provided.

- Culinary water will be provided under water right E5492, with associated underlying contracts from Weber Basin
 Conservancy District. Culinary water shall be used for culinary and fire suppression (fire hydrant) uses. The District
 probibles use of culinary water for outdoor uses.
- Secondary Water for landscape and outdoor uses will be provided under water right E5492, and the District's shares in Wolf Creek Irrigation Company. Secondary water is delivered by connection to the pressurized system.
- Sewer services are delivered through connection to the main sewer lines of the District, leading to the Willow Brook.
 Lane MBR Wastewater Treatment Plant and disposal system.

Submission of the plans at the Weber County Building and Inspections Office shall be completed within 12 months from the date of this notice. If the plans have not been submitted and building permit issued, this Can and Will Serve commitment is considered expired.

Service is subject to scheduled maintenance and construction, power failures, natural disasters, and unforeseen circumstances.

Water and sewer services will be provided in accordance with appliable federal, state, and local statutes, laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, and standards.

Culinary water, Secondary water and Sewer services to the above address(s) are subject to and contingent on the following:

 Compliance with the Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District policies and procedures as those policies and procedures may change from time to time. This includes Landscape & Conservation Requirements.

Natural fluctuations in water supplies.

- Subsequent decisions and regulation by local government, the Urah State Engineer, Urah Division of Water Resources, the United States Department of the Interior, or any other applicable governmental agency.
- Payment of hook up costs and standard billings for service. Failure to pay these costs and billings will result in temporary suspension and/or permanent cessation of service.

As recipient of said service, you agree to the above terms and to the terms set forth in the Wolf Creek Water and Sewes Improvement District policies and procedures as those policies may change from time to time.

If you have my questions regarding the contents of this letter, please contact the office at (801) 745-3435.

Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District

Annene Ames, Controller

2580 N. Highway 162, Sum A. P.O. Box 658 Halen, Urah. 2011, 45, 3435. Fee: 801.765-3454



November 11, 2022

Weber County

RIE Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District services to Address(s):

The Ridge Subdivision

Ridge Phase 5 Building 11 Unto 1 -4

Siden, IFF

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Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District

Annene Ames, Controller

Date 4/00ember 11, 3022

2550 N. Haglessey 162, Sum: A. P.O. Hors 658 Edon, Plais 801 745-3435 Fat 801-745-3454



November 11, 2022

Weber County

RF Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District services to Address (s).

The Ridge Sulnhymica

Ridge Phase 5 Boilding 12 Units 1-4

Eden, UT

To whom it may conceed,

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Natural fluctuations in water supplies

- 3. Subsequent decisions and regulation by local government, the Unit State Engineer, Unit Division of Water Resources, the United States Department of the Interior, or any other applicable governmental agency.
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Wolf Creek Water and Sewer Improvement District

Annene Ames Controller

Date _ 1/06 4 11/20 11. 2027

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Staff Report to the Ogden Valley Planning Commission

Weber County Planning Division

Synopsis

Application Information

Agenda Item: File No. UVG080922 - Request for a recommendation of final approval of The Grove Cabins

PRUD Suldivision Phase 1, consisting of 11 lots, located at approximately 4553 N Seven

Bridges Road, Eden, UT, 84310

Type of Decision: Administrati

Agenda Date: Tuesday, January 24, 2023

Applicant: John Lewis, Own File Number: UVG080922

Property Information

Approximate Address: 4553 N Seven Bridges Toad, Eden, UT, 84310

Project Area: 9.07 acres

Zoning: Residential Estates (RE-15 Zone

Existing Land Use: Vacant

Proposed Land Use: Residential

Parcel ID: 22-006-00004

Township, Range, Section: T7N, R1E, Section 15 SW

Adjacent Land Use

North: Vacant South: Vacant

East: Vacant/Mountainside PRUD site Vacant/Homestead site

Staff Information

Report Presenter: Tammy Aydelotte

taydelotte@webercountyutah.gov

Report Reviewer: SB

Applicable Land Use Codes

Weber County Land Use Code Title 106 (Subdivisions)

Weber County Land Use Code Title 104 (Zones) Chapte 3 (RE-15 Zone)

Background and Summary

7/19/2016 - Conditional Use Permit request for The Bridges PRUD was approved.

9/27/2022 – Preliminary approval granted by the Planning Commission.

The applicant is requesting a recommendation of final approval of The Grove Cabins PRUD Phase 1 Subdivision in the RE-15 Zone. The proposed development consists of 11 ots with common area, four private drives, and public road dedication.

The Grove Cabins PRUD Phase 1 is part of the master planned community within the Wolf Creek Resort known as "The Bridges PRUD" which consists of a multi-phased development including six communities (364 units) with a variety of housing options and approximately 143 acres of open space. The proposed subdivision "The Grove Cabins PRUS Phase 1" is one of the several phases (97 units) in the Grove Cabins community.

The Uniform Land Use Code of Weber County (LUC) §106-1-5 identifies the approval process for final subdivision approval. The proposed subdivision exceeds the amount of lots that can be administratively approved as part of a phasing process; therefore the subdivision plat must go through a final approval by the County Commission after receiving a recommendation from the Planning Commission. The proposed subdivision and lot configuration is in conformance with the current zoning, the approved PRUD and the Zoning Revelopment Agreement Conceptual Land Use Plan as well as the applicable subdivision requirements as required in the LUC.



Staff Report to the Ogden Valley Planning Commission

Weber County Planning Division

Synopsis

Application Information

Agenda Item: File No.: UVG080922 - Request for a recommendation of final approval of The Grove Cabins

PRUD Subdivision Phase 1, consisting of 11 lots, located at approximately 4553 N Seven

Bridges Road, Eden, UT, 84310

Type of Decision: Administrative

Agenda Date: Tuesday, January 24, 2023

Applicant: John Lewis, Owner

File Number: UVG080922

Property Information

Approximate Address: 4553 N Seven Bridges Road, Eden, UT, 84310

Project Area: 9.07 acres

Zoning: Residential Estates (RE-15) Zone

Existing Land Use: Vacant
Proposed Land Use: Residential
Parcel ID: 22-006-00004

Township, Range, Section: T7N, R1E, Section 15 SW

Adjacent Land Use

North: Vacant South: Vacant

East: Vacant/Mountainside PRUD site West: Vacant/Homestead site

Staff Information

Report Presenter: Tammy Aydelotte

taydelotte@webercountyutah.gov

Report Reviewer: SB

Applicable Land Use Codes

Weber County Land Use Code Title 106 (Subdivisions)

Weber County Land Use Code Title 104 (Zones) Chapter 3 (RE-15 Zone)

Background and Summary

7/19/2016 - Conditional Use Permit request for The Bridges PRUD was approved.

9/27/2022 - Preliminary approval granted by the Planning Commission.

The applicant is requesting a recommendation of final approval of The Grove Cabins PRUD Phase 1 Subdivision in the RE-15 Zone. The proposed development consists of 11 lots with common area, four private drives, and public road dedication.

The Grove Cabins PRUD Phase 1 is part of the master planned community within the Wolf Creek Resort known as "The Bridges PRUD" which consists of a multi-phased development including six communities (364 units) with a variety of housing options and approximately 143 acres of open space. The proposed subdivision "The Grove Cabins PRUS Phase 1" is one of the several phases (97 units) in the Grove Cabins community.

The Uniform Land Use Code of Weber County (LUC) §106-1-5 identifies the approval process for final subdivision approval. The proposed subdivision exceeds the amount of lots that can be administratively approved as part of a phasing process; therefore the subdivision plat must go through a final approval by the County Commission after receiving a recommendation from the Planning Commission. The proposed subdivision and lot configuration is in conformance with the current zoning, the approved PRUD and the Zoning Development Agreement Conceptual Land Use Plan as well as the applicable subdivision requirements as required in the LUC.

Analysis

<u>General Plan:</u> The proposal conforms to the Ogden Valley General Plan by encouraging development within the existing resort-related areas.

Zoning: The subject property is located in the Residential Estate Zone more particularly described as the RE-15 zone.

The purpose and intent of the RE-15 zone is identified in the LUC §104-3-1 as:

"The major purpose of the RE-15 and RE-20 Zones is to provide and protect residential development at a low density in a semi-agricultural or rural environment. It is also to provide for certain rural amenities on larger minimum lots, in conjunction with the primary residential nature of the zone."

As part of the subdivision process, the proposal has been reviewed against the current subdivision ordinance in LUC §106, the PRUD ordinance in LUC §108-5, and the applicable standards in the RE-15 zone (LUC §104-3) to ensure that the regulations and standards have been adhered to. The proposed subdivisions, with the recommended conditions listed in this staff report, are in conformance with county code. The following is a brief synopsis of the review criteria and conformance with the LUC.

<u>Lot area, frontage/width and yard regulations</u>: The proposed subdivision is one of several phases in the Grove Cabins community and has received conditional use approval for "The Bridges PRUD" development.

The purpose and intent of a Planned Residential Unit Development (PRUD) is intended to "allow for diversification in the relationship of various uses and structures to their sites and to permit more flexibility of such sites and to encourage new and imaginative concepts in the design of neighborhood and housing projects in urbanizing areas" (LUC§ 108-5-2). The Grove Cabins Phase 1 PRUD utilizes the allowed flexibility with all 11 lots having an area of 1,838.5 square feet, and a width of 38.04 feet. There are no minimum yard setbacks for the Grove Cabins PRUD.

Based on the allowed flexibility of a PRUD, the proposed layout, lot configurations and lot sizes are acceptable. In order to provide clear site standards, staff recommends adding the zero minimum setback standards on the final subdivision Mylar. A condition of approval has been added to staff's recommendation to ensure the minimum setback standards are added to the final subdivision Mylar.

<u>Ogden Valley Sensitive Lands Overlay Districts</u>: The development area falls within an area identified as an "Important Wildlife Habitat Area" that is part of the Ogden Valley Sensitive Lands Overlay Districts (LUC§ 104-28). The proposed subdivision has been designed to ensure that development standards in this area shall follow the principles established regarding the location of buildings, structures, roads, trails and other similar facilities to protect important wildlife habitat and their functions including wildlife movement across areas dominated by human activities by limiting the areas of disturbance. A condition of approval has been added to staff's recommendation to ensure a note providing adequate notice of the Important Wildlife Habitat area and the development standards that are required will be added to the final subdivision Mylar.

<u>Common Area</u>: The general requirements for a PRUD identify the need to preserve common open space. The proposed subdivision layout identifies common area surrounding all lots. The proposed common area for this phase follows the overall PRUD open space plan (exhibit C). This area will be required to be dedicated upon recording by one or more of the following methods:

- (1) Dedication of the land as Public Park or parkway system;
- (2) Granting to the county a permanent common open space easement on and over the said private open spaces to guarantee that the open spaces remain perpetually in access, parking, recreation or open space uses with ownership and maintenance being the responsibility of a home owners' association established with articles of association and bylaws which are satisfactory to the county; or
- (3) Complying with the provisions of the Condominium Ownership Act, U.C.A. 1953, § 57-8-1 et seq., as amended, which provides for the payment of common expenses for the upkeep of common areas and facilities.

Any CC&R's will need to comply with the provisions of the Condominium Ownership Act, U.C.A 1953, §57-8-1 et seq. per LUC §108-5-6(d)(3) for the preservation, maintenance and ownership of the common area. Prior to receiving final approval of the subdivisions from the County Commission, the applicant will need to provide to the County a copy of the proposed CC&R's for review as well as a cash escrow to be held by Weber County for the proposed improvements including the amenities in the common area. The dedication language on the final plat will need to include language to grant ownership of the common area to the applicable ownership. A condition of approval has been added to ensure the final subdivision Mylar includes the correct dedication language for the

common area located within the subdivision. A cost estimate for the improvements and a draft copy of any CC&R's will also be required prior to receiving final approval from the County Commission.

<u>Natural Hazards Overlay Zone:</u> The proposed subdivision is located in a Zone "X" as determined by FEMA to be an area determined to be outside 500-year floodplain.

Geotech and geologic hazard studies have been submitted. A slope analysis will need to be submitted, to ensure that any lots with a slope of 25% or greater will need to show a building envelope on the final plat.

Upon recording the final subdivision Mylar a separate "Natural Hazards Disclosure" document will be required to be recorded to provide adequate notice of the geotechnical and geological recommendations to future property owners. A condition of approval has been added to staff's recommendations to ensure that adequate notification is provided for future property owners regarding further development is noted on the subdivision Mylar.

<u>Culinary water, irrigation water and sanitary sewage disposal:</u> The applicant has provided a will-serve letter from the Wolf Creek Water and Sewer District, for each lot, for the culinary and irrigation water and sanitary sewer (see Exhibit B). The applicant will need to provide a construct permit from the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality Division of Drinking Water for the expansion of the water system and water lines serving the subdivision prior to the subdivision receiving final approval from the County Commission. A condition of approval has been added to ensure that a construct permit from the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality Division of Drinking Water prior to approval by the County Commission.

<u>Review Agencies</u>: The Weber County Surveyor's Office, and the Weber Fire District have reviewed the proposal and have provided the applicant with the additional items that will be required prior recording the final Mylar. The County Engineer has not yet reviewed this proposal. A condition of approval has been made part of staff's recommendations to ensure that any conditions of the applicable reviewing agencies are strictly adhered to.

Additional design standards and requirements: If the applicant would like to utilize the ability to have nightly rentals as an option allowed in the PRUD ordinance for the owner's in The Grove Cabins PRUD Phase 1, a note will need to be added to the final Mylar to declare that the subdivision is approved for nightly rentals. A condition of approval has been made part of staff's recommendations to ensure that if the applicant desires to allow nightly rentals as part of The Grove Cabins PRUD Phase 1, a note will be added to the final subdivision Mylar to provide notice of the approved short-term rental option, per approval of CUP 2016-12, dated 7/19/2016.

<u>Tax clearance:</u> The 2022 property taxes have been paid in full. The 2023 property taxes will be due in full on December 1, 2023.

Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission forward a positive recommendation for final approval of The Grove Cabins PRUD Phase 1 Subdivision, consisting of 11 lots located at approximately 4553 N Seven Bridges Road, Eden, UT, 84310. This recommendation is subject to all review agency requirements and the following conditions:

- 1. In order to provide clear site standards, staff recommends adding the minimum yard setback standards on the final subdivision Mylar including the "Side; facing street on corner lot" setback.
- 2. A note providing adequate notice of the Important Wildlife Habitat area and the development standards that are required will be added to the final subdivision Mylar.
- 3. The dedication language on the final Mylar will need to include language to grant ownership of the common area to the applicable ownership.
- 4. A cost estimate for the improvements and a draft copy of any CC&R's will be required prior to receiving final approval from the County Commission.
- 5. Prior to recording the final Mylar, all lots that are impacted by a geologic hazard will be identified on the final Mylar a note to provide notice that the final geologic and geotechnical reports are on file with Weber County Planning Division. A "Natural Hazards Disclosure" document will be required to be recorded to provide adequate notice of any geotechnical and geological recommendations for future property owners.
- 7. A construct permit from the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality Division of Drinking Water must be submitted to Weber County prior to approval by the County Commission.
- 8. If the applicant desires, a note will be added to the final Mylar to provide notice of the approved nightly rental option.

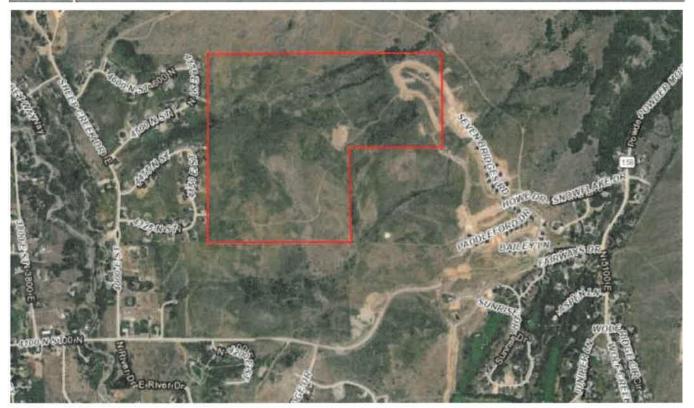
This recommendation is based on the following findings:

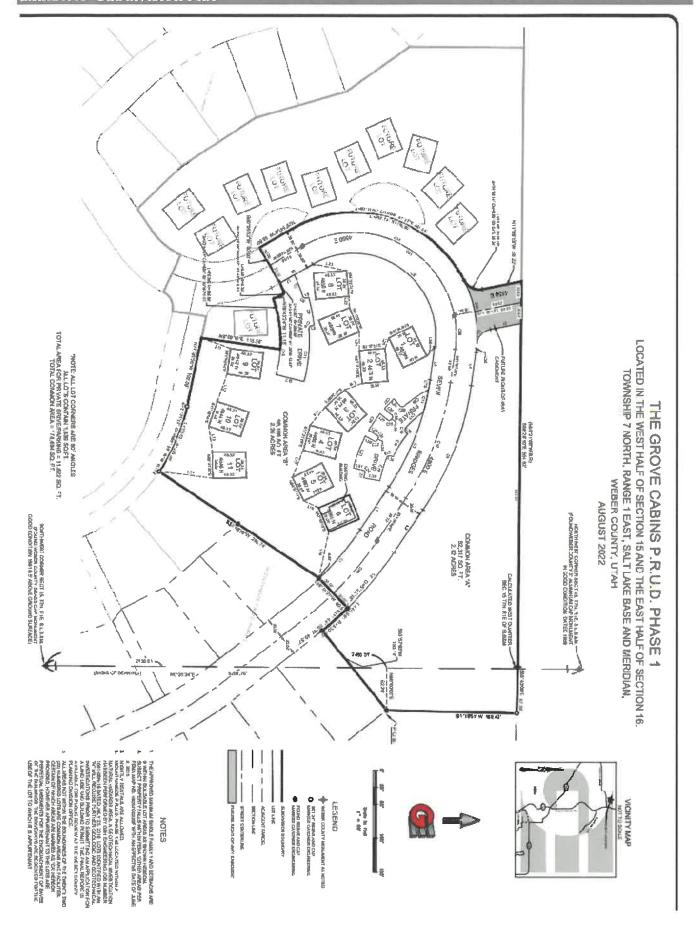
- 1. The proposed subdivision conforms to the Ogden Valley General Plan
- The proposed subdivision complies with applicable county ordinances

Exhibits

A. Subdivision Plat

Area Map





NOTES

- 1. THE APPROVED MINIMUM SINGLE FAMILY YARD SETBACKS ARE: 0' WITHIN BUILDABLE LOT AREAS AS SHOWN HEREON.
- 2. SUBJECT PROPERTY FALLS WITHIN FEMA "OTHER AREAS" PER FEMA MAP NO. 49057C0229F WITH AN EFFECTIVE DATE OF JUNE 2, 2015.
- 3. NIGHTLY RENTALS ARE ALLOWED.
- 4. MOUNTAINSIDE P.R.U.D. PHASE 1 IS LOCATED WITHIN A NATURAL HAZARDS AREA. A GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION HAS BEEN PERFORMED BY GSH ENGINEERING JOB NUMBER 1661-08N-16 DATED JULY 25, 2016. LOTS IDENTIFIED WITH AN "N" WILL REQUIRE FURTHER GEOLOGIC AND GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS PRIOR TO SUBMITTING AN APPLICATION FOR A LAND USE AND BUILDING PERMIT. THE FINAL REPORT IS AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC REVIEW AT THE WEBER COUNTY PLANNING DIVISION OFFICE.
- 5. ALL AREAS NOT WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE TWENTY TWO
 (22) NUMBERED LOTS ARE COMMON AREAS AND FACILITIES,
 CERTAIN OF WHICH AREAS ARE MARKED AS "CA" HEREON
 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, APPURTENANT TO THE LOTS ARE
 PERPETUAL EASEMENTS FOR THE ENCROACHMENT OF EAVES
 OF THE BUILDINGS. THE DRIVEWAYS ARE RESERVED FOR THE
 USE OF THE LOT TO WHICH IT IS APPURTENANT.



Staff Report to the Ogden Valley Planning Commission

Weber County Planning Division

Synopsis

Application Information

Request: (PUBLIC HEARING) Amend the Ogden Valley General Plan to adopt Addendum 1

- Moderate Income Housing Reporting Update

Agenda Date: Tuesday, January 24, 2023

File Numbers: GPA 2022-03
Report Author: Bill Cobabe

(bcobabe@webercountyutah.gov)

(801) 399-8772

Applicable Ordinances

§ 102-2-4 – Powers and Duties of the Planning Commission

(a) The planning commission shall review the general plans and make recommendations to the county commission, as deemed necessary, to keep the general plan current with changing conditions, trends, and planning needs of the county.

Legislative Decisions

Decision on these items is a legislative action. When the Planning Commission is acting on a legislative item it is acting as a recommending body to the County Commission. Legislative decisions have wide discretion. Examples of legislative actions are general plan, zoning map, and land use code amendments. Typically, the criterion for providing a recommendation on a legislative matter suggests a review for compatibility with the general plan and existing ordinances.

Summary and Background

HB 463 requires cities and counties in Utah to adopt a Moderate Income Housing plan that addresses strategies as outlined in State Code. Staff went through the existing General Plans for Western Weber and Ogden Valley and pulled out those portions of the respective General Plans to prepare a reporting document to report to the State. These strategies must be adopted with implantation plans that show goals and targets that can be used to demonstrate progress towards completion of the plans and adopted strategies. That document is attached as Exhibit A.

Policy Analysis

No substantive policy changes accompany this addendum. All of the policies that are listed were already adopted by the County in the respective General Plans.

Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission offers a positive recommendation to the County Commission for file GPA 2022-03, amending the adopted General Plan and adding Addendum 1, as shown in Exhibit A;

The recommendation is supportable with the following findings:

- 1. The proposals will meet the anticipated needs and goals outlined in the General Plan;
- 2. The proposals reflect the requirements of State Code;
- 3. The proposals demonstrate a continued orderly progression to development in the area; and,
- 4. The proposals are in the best interest of the health, safety, and welfare of the general public.

Exhibits

A. Proposed General Plan Addendum 1

Addendum 1 to the Weber County General Plan Moderate Income Housing Reporting Update January 2023

Purpose/Background:

In the 2022 legislative session, the Utah State Legislature passed HB 462, changing the reporting requirements for Moderate Income Housing elements of the County's General Plan. This includes choosing a minimum of three strategies chosen from the approved list and providing implementation plans that enable action on these strategies. Weber County has adopted General Plans for the Ogden Valley (OVGP) and West Weber (WWGP) planning areas which need to be amended to reflect these changes and requirements. The amendment considered the portions of the plan that are already adopted and made the modifications and connections necessary to bring it into compliance with State Code. The following represents the strategies and implementation plans that best fit the elements already adopted by the County, which the County hereby adopts as an addendum to the General Plan Moderate Income Housing Element:

- 1) (A) rezone for densities necessary to facilitate the production of moderate income housing;
- 2) (B) demonstrate investment in the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that facilitates the construction of moderate income housing;
- 3) (C) demonstrate investment in the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate income housing;
- 4) (E) create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, internal or detached accessory dwelling units in residential zones;
- 5) (F) zone or rezone for higher density or moderate income residential development in commercial or mixed-use zones, commercial centers, or employment centers;
- 6) (G) amend land use regulations to allow for higher density or new moderate income residential development in commercial or mixed-use zones near major transit investment corridors;
- 7) (M) Demonstrate creation of, or participation in, a community land trust program for moderate income housing.
- 8) (O) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for state or federal funds or tax incentives to promote the construction of moderate income housing, an entity that applies for programs offered by the Utah Housing Corporation within that agency's funding capacity, an entity that applies for affordable housing programs administered by the Department of Workforce Services, an entity that applies for services provided by a public housing authority to preserve and create moderate income housing, or any other entity that applies for programs or services that promote the construction or preservation of moderate income housing; and,
- 9) (S) create a program to transfer development rights for moderate income housing.
- 10)(V) Create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, multifamily residential dwellings compatible in scale and form with detached single-family residential dwellings and located in walkable communities within residential or mixed-use zones.
- 11)(X) Demonstrate implementation of any other program or strategy to address the housing needs of residents of the municipality who earn less than 80 percent of the area median income, including the dedication of a local funding source to moderate income housing or the adoption of a land use ordinance that requires 10 percent or more of new residential development in a residential zone be dedicated to moderate income housing

The implementation plan for each of the above strategies is as outlined below:

1) (A) rezone for densities necessary to facilitate the production of moderate income housing

Related current General Plan Element Goals:

- **OVGP Page 27 -** Facilitate mix of housing types in new construction in keeping with neighborhood design standards and community sustainability referenced in Moderate Income Housing Principle 1.1.1.
- **OVGP Page 28 -** Develop cluster ordinances that will allow for mixed housing types in compact areas consistent with village area locations on Map 8 and pursuant to small area plans referenced in Moderate Income Housing Implementation 1.1.2.
- **OVGP Page 28** Encourage the development of low- to moderate-income housing within or near established cities, towns and village areas in order to protect agricultural lands and provide open spaces within the unincorporated areas of Weber County referenced in Moderate Income Housing Implementation 1.1.3.

Implementation Timeline:

Beginning in 2022, Weber County will identify areas for potential rezone, including in the Wolf Creek Development, Liberty, and other villages. These efforts are current and ongoing, and the FB Zone has already been implemented in Old and New Town Eden and Nordic Valley. Zoning changes will take place per the property owners' request and according to the General Plan goals and maps already adopted. The County will further continue to encourage low-to moderate-income housing within or near established cities, towns, and village areas, which will allow for the further development and rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock. In 2023, the County will adopt measures to change zoning laws to allow for this development to occur. In 2024, the properties affected by these zone changes and new laws will be measured and accounted for, and in future years' reporting, the County will demonstrate the effectiveness of these policies and plans by showing the increase of affordable housing units across the County.

2) (B) demonstrate investment in the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that facilitates the construction of moderate income housing;

Related current General Plan Element Goals:

 WWGP Page 76 - Housing Action Item 1.1.3: Create an adaptive reuse policy to allow abandoned or underutilized non-residential buildings within or near established cities, towns, and village areas to be converted into mixed-use spaces with ground-floor commercial spaces and upper-floor(s) residential housing units

Implementation Timeline:

As the West Weber area continues to develop, the pressure to build in the area will increase. Utilizing strategies that foster affordable housing, the County will require developers install infrastructure that will support affordable housing, including the use of trails and other active transit options, bus routes and other mass transit options, street connectivity and utility infrastructure, and the expansion of mixed-use spaces and higher concentrations of residential units in designated centers. The County will track these developments as they occur and will report on the number of units developed and the associated infrastructure improvements/installations. In 2023, the County will adopt measures to change infrastructure laws to allow for this development to occur. In 2024, the properties affected by these new laws will be measured and accounted for, and in reporting for 2025-2027, the County will demonstrate the effectiveness of these policies and plans by showing the increase of affordable housing units across the County.

3) (C) demonstrate investment in the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate income housing

Related current General Plan Element Goals:

- **OVGP Page 28** Moderate-Income Housing Implementation 1.2.1: Support the Weber Housing Authority emergency home repair program to assist in housing maintenance for moderate to low income homeowners.
- **OVGP Page 28** Moderate-Income Housing Implementation 1.2.2: Update or provide the necessary tools to enable the County to track (1) the mix of existing housing stock, (2) the condition of existing housing stock, (3) the delivery of existing-housing education to the public, and (4) the availability of local resources for single and multifamily rehabilitation or new construction which facilitates access and affordability for special-needs populations

 WWGP Page 76 - Housing Action Item 1.1.3: Create an adaptive reuse policy to allow abandoned or underutilized non-residential buildings within or near established cities, towns, and village areas to be converted into mixed-use spaces with ground-floor commercial spaces and upper-floor(s) residential housing units

Implementation Timeline:

The County will continue to support the Weber Housing Authority through financial contributions and other in other meaningful ways. The amount of money contributed to the Weber Housing Authority will be tracked and reported for each of the planning areas beginning in 2023. The County will further continue to encourage low- to moderate-income housing within or near established cities, towns, and village areas, which will allow for the further development and rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock. In 2023, the County will adopt measures to change zoning laws to allow for this development to occur. In 2024, the properties affected by these zone changes and new laws will be measured and accounted for, and in years 2025-2027 reporting, the County will demonstrate the effectiveness of these policies and plans by showing the increase of affordable housing units across the County.

4) (E) create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, internal or detached accessory dwelling units in residential zones

Related current General Plan Element Goals:

- OVGP Page 16 Land Use Implementation 1.4.3: Foster the creation of a TDR market by exploring
 ways for developers to benefit from purchasing TDRs. Consider requiring TDRs for lodges, hotels,
 accessory dwelling units, accessory apartments, lockout rooms, etc.
- **OVGP Page 28** Moderate-Income Housing Implementation 1.1.1: Support the Weber Housing Authority's role in developing mixed-use housing projects resulting in additional housing opportunities; where mixed-use development occurs, provide a variety of housing types; require resorts to comply with the Destination and Recreation Resort Zone provisions to establish a seasonal workforce housing plan and provide appropriate numbers of housing for employees; and investigate the potential for adding accessory dwelling units as an allowed use in the zoning ordinance.
- OVGP Page 33 Residential Development Principle 1.2: Manage accessory dwelling units (ADUs) to allow for affordable housing opportunities without increasing the overall impact of residential development in Ogden Valley. Require one development unit for each authorized ADU.
- OVGP Page 33 Residential Development Implementation 1.2.1: Review current County ordinances
 regarding ADUs to refine standards and establish measures for how ADUs are accounted for in overall
 zoning.
 - **WWGP Page 77** Housing Action Item 2.2.1: Provide ordinances that ease regulations for accessory dwelling units.

Implementation Timeline:

The County will begin tracking the number of building permits issued for internal and detached accessory dwelling units in 2022 and report on those numbers each year beginning with the 2023 report. The County will also revise the fees associated with the permits required for all accessory dwelling units. This fee reduction will be considered for the 2024 fee schedule year.

- 5) (F) zone or rezone for higher density or moderate income residential development in commercial or mixed-use zones, commercial centers, or employment centers
- 6) (G) amend land use regulations to allow for higher density or new moderate income residential development in commercial or mixed-use zones near major transit investment corridors

Related current General Plan Element Goals:

 OVGP Page 28 - Moderate-Income Implementation 1.1.2: Develop cluster ordinances that will allow for mixed housing types in compact areas consistent with village area locations on Map 8 and pursuant to small area plans referenced in Development Implementation 1.1.1.

- OVGP Page 33 Commercial Development Implementation 1.1.2: Require new commercial or mixed-use development to locate on property currently zoned for commercial uses. Avoid rezoning new property to commercial or manufacturing until such time that the community supports it. Future commercial or mixed-use rezoning should only be considered adjacent to existing commercial or mixed-use zoning in a manner that creates village clusters and avoids strip commercial along highway corridors.
 - **WWGP Page 75** Housing Action Item 1.1.2: Incorporate Residential Dwelling Units (RDUs) within walkable village areas to encourage mixed-use development with retail/commercial space at street level and residential units on the upper floor(s). This style of development lends itself to affordable housing prices and also locates moderate-income households within walkable distances to neighborhood amenities within the village/commercial areas, minimizing household transportation costs

Implementation Timeline:

The County will continue to encourage low- to moderate-income housing within or near established cities, towns, and village areas, which will allow for the further development of higher density nodes. In 2023, the County will adopt measures to change zoning laws to allow for this development to occur. In 2024, the properties affected by these zone changes and new laws will be measured and accounted for, and in years 2025-2027 reporting, the County will demonstrate the effectiveness of these policies and plans by showing the increase of affordable housing units across the County.

7) (M) Demonstrate creation of, or participation in, a community land trust program for moderate income housing.

Related current General Plan Element Goals:

WWGP Page 76 - Housing Action Item 1.1.4: Work with Weber County, Weber Housing Authority, and
other Weber County communities to create a Community Land Trust to provide below market
homeownership opportunities for moderate-income buyers. The land is owned by the Trust but the
homes or townhomes are owned by the individuals. This enables the community to facilitate a mix of
homeownership opportunities within or near established cities, towns, and village areas while maintaining
important greenfield areas. Because Community Land Trusts include a resale formula, the properties'
affordability are maintained permanently.

Implementation Timeline:

Beginning in 2023, the County will begin the conversation with the Weber Housing Authority to identify specific areas, properties, and projects that will demonstrate progress towards achieving this goal. The creation of the Community Land Trust will take place in 2024 and actions on both fronts (partnering with the Weber Housing Authority and creation of the Community Land Trust) will be reported to the State. Specific areas identified will be catalogued for future development as time and finances permit, and this also will be reported to the State.

8) (S) create a program to transfer development rights for moderate income housing.

Related current General Plan Element Goals:

- **OVGP Page 15** Land Use Implementation 1.1.1: Weber County will support the transfer of existing development rights (TDRs) as the primary means to increase densities in suitable project areas while proportionately decreasing density in other areas. incentives such as reduced road cross sections and other cost-saving measures for master-planned developments should be proposed to reduce development intensities and as the primary means to incentivize the purchase and transfer of development rights. Bonus density should be used sparingly, and only in the event minimal bonuses can be leveraged for significant and meaningful advancement of the goals and principles of this plan. Development rights include residential (e.g. townhouses, single family detached units, etc.) and non-residential development rights (e.g. hotel units, accessory dwelling units, retirement center units, etc.).
- OVGP Page 16 Land Use Implementation 1.3.4: Pursue funding opportunities for purchase of development rights and open space preservation programs.

- OVGP Page 16 Land Use Implementation 1.4.2: Create a Transfer of Development Rights (TDR)
 Ordinance for the Ogden Valley planning area. The purposes of the TDR Ordinance would be to establish a process for reviewing and approving proposals to transfer development rights from the Agricultural Protection and Open Space Overlay areas to locations where additional development density could be more appropriate (receiving areas). The TDR Ordinance would establish standards for review and approval of each proposed TDR. Each TDR application would include information including, but not limited to: identification of the lands from which development units are proposed to be removed; identification of the land to which the development units would be moved; the number of development units and type(s) of development proposed; how water, sewer and other services would be provided; and other information specified by the ordinance. Standards for evaluation of the application would include such factors as detrimental or beneficial effects to both the sending and receiving properties; availability of roads and infrastructure; proximity of other development including town centers; the proposed uses and intensity of use; consistency with private covenants; compatibility with surrounding land uses and the extent to which the transfer advances the goals of the General Plan. The resort areas and villages are likely most suitable receiving areas for transferred development units.
- OVGP Page 16 Land Use Implementation 1.4.3: Foster the creation of a TDR market by exploring
 ways for developers to benefit from purchasing TDRs. Consider requiring TDRs for lodges, hotels,
 accessory dwelling units, accessory apartments, lockout rooms, etc.
- **OVGP Page 16** Land Use Implementation 1.4.4: Enhance and publicize the County's register of landowners willing to sell development units. Consider the potential for the transfer of development rights to be considered as a part of the process for acquisition of conservation easements with land trusts and other organizations that acquire conservation easements.
- OVGP Page 16 Land Use Implementation 1.4.5: Maintain a database that tracks all transferred, purchased, or retired development rights.

Implementation Timeline:

The County has already begun a conversation around ordinance changes that will support TDRs. It is anticipated that the County will adopt new regulation in the spring of 2023 and will report on actions taken. Subsequent years' (2024 through 2027) reporting will include specific information regarding how many units were developed in higher-density areas as a result of the TDRs and further actions taken by the County.

9) (V) Create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, multifamily residential dwellings compatible in scale and form with detached single-family residential dwellings and located in walkable communities within residential or mixed-use zones.

Related current General Plan Element Goals:

WWGP Page 75 - Housing Action Item 1.1.1: Encourage the development of low- to moderate-income
multiplexes, townhomes, and other missing middle housing types within or near established cities, towns,
and walkable village areas in order to balance housing opportunities with the protection of agricultural
lands and open spaces. Support the Weber Housing Authority's role in developing mixed-use housing
projects.

Implementation Timeline:

Weber County will continue to work with communities within the County to provide walkable communities and develop local urban centers. As noted in previous implementation plan timelines, the County will report on efforts to develop higher-density areas as a result of TDRS and the number of units that were created. In 2023, the County will adopt measures to change zoning laws to allow for this development to occur. In 2024, the properties affected by these zone changes and new laws will be measured and accounted for, and in years 2025-2027 reporting, the County will demonstrate the effectiveness of these policies and plans by showing the increase of affordable housing units across the County.

10)(W) Demonstrate implementation of any other program or strategy to address the housing needs of residents of the municipality who earn less than 80 percent of the area median income, including the dedication of a local funding source to moderate income housing or

the adoption of a land use ordinance that requires 10 percent or more of new residential development in a residential zone be dedicated to moderate income housing.

Related current General Plan Element Goals:

• **WWGP Page 76** - Housing Action Item 1.1.5: Adopt an inclusionary zoning ordinance that requires 10 percent of residential unit equivalents (reu) in one project to be affordable to 50 percent AMI or lower and 10 percent to be affordable to 80 percent AMI or lower. The ordinance can apply to certain project sizes. For developers to comply, incentives or bonuses are needed. This strategy is most popular in areas with more intense development ability, which makes it compatible with the community's desire to provide more options in neighborhood nodes and avoiding "too small to farm, too large to mow" sprawl in current greenfield areas.

Implementation Timeline:

In 2023, Weber County will pursue the adoption of an ordinance change to allow for inclusionary zoning in certain areas that will require that 10% of residential units to be affordable to 50% of AMI or lower and 10% of units to be affordable to 80% or lower. Because this adoption will take place in 2023, it is not anticipated that any developers will take advantage of this new ordinance until 2024 at the earliest. The County will report on the adoption of the ordinance and thereafter report each year (years 2025-2027) on progress made after the adoption of the new ordinance.

WEBER COUNTY ORDINANCE NUMBER 2022-

AN AMENDMENT TO VARIOUS SECTIONS OF THE COUNTY'S LAND USE CODE TO CREATE A WEST WEBER STREET REGULATING PLAN WITHIN THE FORM-BASED CODE, AND TO PROVIDE AMENDMENTS RELATED TO THE EXECUTION OF THE FORM BASED ZONE.

WHEREAS, the board of Weber County Commissioners has heretofore adopted land use regulations governing uses o land in unincorporated Weber County; and

WHEREAS, these land use regulations include form-based ordinances, that establish a street regulating plan, street classifications, land uses, architectural standards, and lot development standards for specific communities; and

WHEREAS, a private landowner located within the West Weber Village area near 12th Street and 4700 West has requested an amendment to the Weber County Land Use Code to add specific provisions and exhibits intended create a form-based sone applicable to land within and around the West Weber Village area; and

area, and			
WHEREAS, on	, the Western W	eber Planning Commission, aft	er appropriate
notice, held a public hearing to con	sider public comments reg	garding the proposed amendment	ts to the Weber
County Land Use Code, offered a	positive recommendation	to the County Commission; and	
WHEREAS OR	the Orden Willow	Planning Compossion, after appr	ropriate potice
WHEREAS, OII	, the Ogden valley	Fianting Commission, after appr	opriate nouce
held a public hearing to consider	 public comments regard 	ding the proposed amendments	to the Webe
County Land Use Code, offered a			
WHEREAS, on	, the Weber Coun	nt) Board of Commissioners, aft	er appropriate
notice, held a public hearing to co	nsider public comments or	n the same; and	
WHEREAS, the Weber Co	ounty Board of Commissio	new first that the proposed amen	idments hereir
substantially advance many goals	and objectives of the Wes	ite in Weber General Plan and the	Ogden Valley
General Plan; and			
WHEREAS, the Weber Co	ounty Board of Commission	oners find that we proposed ame	ndments serve
to create the necessary regulatory			

NOW THEREFORE, be it ordained by the Board of County Commissioners of Weber County, in the

SECTION 1: AMENDMENT. The Weber County Code is hereby amended as follow

Part II Land Use Code

...

Title 101 General Provisions

...

Chapter 101-2 Definitions

...

Sec 101-2-3 Be Definitions

...

| 11

State of Utah, as follows:

9 Barn. The term "barn" means an agricultural structure used for the storage of produce, animals and/or agricultural vehicles and equipment.

Base density. The term "base density" means the number of residential development rights dwelling units

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WEBER COUNTY ORDINANCE NUMBER 2022-

AN AMENDMENT TO VARIOUS SECTIONS OF THE COUNTY'S LAND USE CODE TO CREATE A WEST WEBER STREET REGULATING PLAN WITHIN THE FORM-BASED CODE, AND TO PROVIDE AMENDMENTS RELATED TO THE EXECUTION OF THE FORM BASED ZONE.

WHEREAS, the Board of Weber County Commissioners has heretofore adopted land use regulations governing uses of land in unincorporated Weber County; and

WHEREAS, these land use regulations include form-based ordinances, that establish a street regulating plan, street classifications, land uses, architectural standards, and lot development standards for specific communities; and

WHEREAS, a private landowner located within the West Weber Village area near 12th Street and 4700 West has requested an amendment to the Weber County Land Use Code to add specific provisions and exhibits intended create a form-based zone applicable to land within and around the West Weber Village

aroa, and
WHEREAS, on, the Western Weber Planning Commission, after appropriate notice, held a public hearing to consider public comments regarding the proposed amendments to the Weber County Land Use Code, offered a positive recommendation to the County Commission; and
WHEREAS, on, the Ogden Valley Planning Commission, after appropriate notice, held a public hearing to consider public comments regarding the proposed amendments to the Weber County Land Use Code, offered a positive recommendation to the County Commission; and
WHEREAS, on, the Weber County Board of Commissioners, after appropriate notice, held a public hearing to consider public comments on the same; and
WHEREAS, the Weber County Board of Commissioners find that the proposed amendments herein substantially advance many goals and objectives of the Western Weber General Plan and the Ogden Valley General Plan; and
WHEREAS, the Weber County Board of Commissioners find that the proposed amendments serve to create the necessary regulatory framework that will guide future development in form-based communities;
NOW THEREFORE , be it ordained by the Board of County Commissioners of Weber County, in the State of Utah, as follows:
SECTION 1: AMENDMENT. The Weber County Code is hereby amended as follows:

1 Part II Land Use Code

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Title 101 General Provisions

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Chapter 101-2 Definitions

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7 Sec 101-2-3 Be Definitions

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9 Barn. The term "barn" means an agricultural structure used for the storage of produce, animals and/or 10 agricultural vehicles and equipment.

111 Base density. The term "base density" means the number of residential development rights dwelling units

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allowed within an described area. For development types that permit more dwelling units than otherwise provided by the lot development standards of the zone. The base density shall be calculated as the net developable acreage for development types that permit more dwelling units than otherwise provided by the lot development standards of the zone, as defined herein, divided by the minimum lot area of the zone, except when a greater area would otherwise be required by the Weber-Morgan Health Department due to lack of sanitary sewer or culinary water, then when the greater area shall be used. This calculation can be observed by this formula: ((net developable acreage) / (minimum lot area)) = base dwelling unit density.

The result shall be rounded down to the nearest whole dwelling unit.

Basement/cellar. The term "basement/cellar" means a story having more than one-half of its height below <u>natural</u> grade. The portion below the natural grade shall not be counted as part of the building height.

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Sec 101 2 5 D Definitions

Detached lockout. See "lockout, detached." In the Ogden Valley Destination and Recreation Resert Zene, the term "detached lockout" means a detached slooping room (or multiple rooms) on the same let with single, two, three, four, multi family dwellings, condeminiums, condeminium rental apartments (conde-tel), private residence clubs, tewnhomes, residential facilities, timeshare/fractional ownership units, hotels, accessory dwelling units, and all or any portion of any other residential use, with separate or common access and tellot facilities but no cooking facilities except a helplate and/or a microwave, which may be rented independently of the main unit for nightly rental by locking access. A detached lockout is accessory to the main use and shall not be sold independently from the main unit. Unless specifically addressed in the development agreement for the specific Ogden Valley Destination and [Recreation] Recort Zene, a detached lockout shall be considered one third of a dwelling unit when figuring density on a parcel of land.

Development. The term "development" means all structures and other modifications of the natural landscape above and below ground or water, on a particular site; the division of land into one or more parcele, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, releasion or enlargement of any structure; any mining, excevation, landfill or land disturbance; and any use or extension of the use of land.

Development master plan. The term "development master plan" means a plan of a development which encompasses an entire site under one or more ownerships which is designed to accommodate one or more land uses, the development of which may be phased, and which could include planned residential unit development, clustered subdivision and planned commorcial development.

Development right. The term "development right" means the right to develop property.

Development right, residential. The term "residential development right" means the right to develop one residential dwelling unit in accordance with the let development standards of the zone, development type, or definition of "base density" as provided heroin.

Distillery. The term "distillery" means a manufacturing operation to distill, brow, rectify, mix, compound, process, ferment, or otherwise make also helic products for personal use or for sale or distribution to others.

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Sec 101-2-5 D Definitions

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55 Detached lockout. See "lockout, detached."

Development. The term "development" means all structures and other modifications of the natural landscape above and below ground or water, on a particular site; the division of land into one or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation or enlargement of any structure; any mining, excavation, landfill or land disturbance; and any use or extension of the use of land.

Development master plan. The term "development master plan" means a plan of a development which encompasses an entire site under one or more ownerships which is designed to accommodate one or

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more land uses, the development of which may be phased, and which could include planned residential
 unit development, clustered subdivision and planned commercial development.

64 Development right. The term "development right" means the right to develop property.

Development right, residential. The term "residential development right" means the right to develop one residential dwelling unit in accordance with the lot development standards of the zone, development type, or definition of "base density" as provided herein.

Distillery. The term "distillery" means a manufacturing operation to distill, brew, rectify, mix, compound, process, ferment, or otherwise make alcoholic products for personal use or for sale or distribution to others.

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72 Sec 101-2-13 Loc - Lod Definitions

Located behind the dwelling. The term "located behind the dwelling" means the setbacks are measured from the farthest rear location of the dwelling and is parallel to the front lot line.

Lockout, detached. The term "detached lockout" means a detached lockout sleeping room on the same lot with single-, two-, three-, four-, multi-family dwellings, condominiums, condominium rental apartments (condo-tel), private residence clubs, townhomes, residential facilities, timeshare/fractional ownership units, hotels, accessory dwelling units, and all or any portion of any other residential use, with separate or common access and toilet facilities but no cooking facilities except for the allowance of a hotplate and/or a microwave, which may be rented independently of the main unit for short-term rental. A detached lockout is accessory to the main use and shall not be sold independently from the main unit.

Lockout sleeping room. The term "lockout sleeping room" means a sleeping room attached to a dwelling unit in a condominium dwelling unit or condominium rental apartment with which has separate or common access and toilet facilities but no cooking facilities except for the allowance of a hotplate and/or a microwave, and which may be rented independently fromef the main dwelling unit for short-term nightly rental purposes. Unless specifically addressed otherwise in a development agreement, a detached lockout lockout sleeping room shall be considered one-fourth of a dwelling unit when calculating density on a parcel of land, by locking interior access. In the Ogden Valle Destination and Recreation Recort Zone, the term "lockout cleeping room" means a sleeping room attached to a single family dwelling, condominium dwelling unit, or, condominium rental apartment (conde tel), with separate or common access and toilet facilities but no cooking facilities except a hetplate and/or a microwave, which may be rented independently of the main unit for nightly rental by locking access. A lockout cleeping room shall not be sold independently from the main dwelling unit, and is not considered a dwelling unit when figuring density on a parcel of land.

<u>LodginghouseLodging</u> <u>house/boardinghouse.</u> The term "lodginghouselodging house/boardinghouse" means a building where lodging only is provided for compensation in five or more guest rooms, but not exceeding 15 persons.

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98 Sec 101-2-19 R Definitions

99 Ridge line area. The term "ridge line area" means the top, ridge or crest of a hill or slope, plus the land located within 100 feet on both sides of the top, ridge, or crest.

101 Right, development. See "development right."

102 Right, residential development. See "residential development right."

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104 Sec 101-2-21 T Definitions

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106 Transfer company. The term "transfer company" means a company established to provide expert 107 shipping services that include the shipping, receiving, inspection and temporary warehousing of 108 commercial or household goods.

109 Transfer of development rights. The term "transfer of development rights," means the removal of a

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Commented [E1]: This definition was moved from "detached lockout" and placed here next to "lockout sleeping room" for administrative ease of using the code. The provisions have been updated to do the following:

- To better reflect other provisions of the ordinance
- To better address short-term rentals.
- To reduce redundancies and conflicts with other definitions.

Commented [E2]: Same explanation as above. It should be noted that both changes also affects density as follows:

 Makes both a detached lockout and a lockout sleeping room count against allowed density. Currel ordinance seems to only count a detached lockout.
 Changes how much density is affected to make consistent with provisions already found in existing ordinances (see Section 104-11-60. 110 residential development right from one lot or parcel which is then transferred to a different lot or parcel.

Transferable development right. The term "transferable development right" also known herein as a "TDR," means the transfer of the right to develop property from one Lot or Parcel to another.

Transfer incentive matching unit (TIMU). The term "transfer incentive matching unit (TIMU)" means a discretionary development right, or fraction thereof, that may be granted by the county commission, after a recommendation from the planning commission, when a development right is transferred from an area within the Ogden Valley to a Destination and Recreation Resort Zone.

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118 <u>Title 104 Zones</u>

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120 Chapter 104-22 Form-Based Zone FB

Sec 104-22-1 Purposes And Intent

The purpose and intent of the Form-Based Zone is to provide a form-based regulatory tool that focuses on the public street design and the buildings that frame the public street. This deemphasizes separation of land uses as is typically found elsewhere in this Land Use Code. Form-based regulations help enable a mixture of allowed uses, multimodal active transportation, and enhanced building design. Additionally:

- (a) Implements the general plan. The Form-Based Zone regulations are intended to carry out the objectives of the 2016 Ogden Valley General Plan through the implementation of form-based small area zoning and transferable development rights.
- (b) Creates street regulating plans. Each area affected by the Form-Based Zone shall be governed by a Street Regulating Plan. The purpose of the Street Regulating Plan is to address specific design and functionality of streets and building facades along these streets. Theintent is to stimulate the creation of buildings and streets that frame the public rights-of-way with architectural and design elements that are unified under a common design theme whilst enablingunique building facades.

Sec 104-22-2 Applicability

- (a) New development to comply. The principles, standards and guidelines of this chapter apply to proposals for new development, changes in land uses, and site improvements to existing buildings, ⊥lots, or Percels that are in the Form-Based Zone. Exterior modifications to existing development shall comply if the exterior modification exceeds either 25 percent of the street-facing facade of the building, or 25 percent of the ⊥lot's street frontage.
- (b) Other regulations apply. In the Form-Based Zone, except when more specific regulations are provided in this chapter, the design review regulations and architectural, landscape, screening, and design standards of Title 108 Chapter 1 and Title 108 Chapter 2 apply to all Lots, except a Lot with only one single-family dwelling.
- (c) Street regulating plan. The applicable regulations herein are specific to the street type, as designated by the applicable street regulating plan. New development within the Form-Based Zone shall comply with the applicable street regulating plan. Development of any property along a street or that gains primary access from that street shall comply with the street design requirements, as provided in Section 104-22-7, and the building design standards in Section 104-22-6, for the specific type of street. A list and explanation of each street type is provided in Section 104-22-7.
- (d) Effect of street regulating plan and graphics. Details in a street regulating plan or any graphic in this chapter have no effect unless expressly provided by this chapter.
- (e) Street type, description, and purpose.
 - (1) Government/institutional street.

A government/institutional street or alley has street-front buildings that are intended to serve the traveling public provide the same as a Vehicle-Oriented Commercial Street, and provide. The primary purpose of the street is preferential areas for the siting of government or public-

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Commented [E3]: This entire section has been moved up to here from 104-22-7 to provide earlier reading of street types prior to reading other sections of code.

service oriented buildings that fronting the street. Public-service oriented buildings may include any governmental, nonprofit, or for-profit school as long as the school provides the same K-12 educational courses required by the State of Utah, or a school that is an accredited institution of higher education. Hospitals or other medical services buildings, including medical, dental, or mental-health offices, laboratories, or similar public-health related offices, a public transportation facility or a multimodal transportation hub are also intended to be street-adjacent. Except for a public transportation facility, pickup and drop off areas shall be located to the rear of the building.

155 (2) Vehicle-oriented commercial street.

A vehicle-oriented commercial street or alley has street-front buildings that are intended to serve the traveling public, such as a large grocery store, drive-through or drive-up window service of varying kinds, and gas station. Street-front buildings that are not vehicle oriented are also allowed as described for a Mixed-Use Commercial Street. Multi-family residential uses are allowed only iflocated above first-floor street-level commercial space.

156 (3) Mixed-use commercial street.

A mixed-use commercial street has street-front buildings that are oriented toward pedestrian traffic. At the street-level, these buildings shall be exclusively used or reserved for commercial operations. Commercial and Multi-family residential uses are allowed above or behind first-floor street-level commercial space.

157 (4) Multi-family residential street.

A multi-family residential street has street-front buildings that are used for multi- family dwellings, and are set back from the street enough to provide a stoop or door yard between the facade and the street's sidewalk. Where possible, given terrain, first-floor building space intended for residential uses shall be offset by half a story from the plane of the street's sidewalk. First-floor street-level commercial area is permitted, but not required. Commercial uses are not permitted above the first-floor street-level unless the first-floor street level is also occupied by a commercial space.

(5) Mid-block alley.

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Each street type may have an associated mid-block alley, where shown on the applicable street regulating plan. As development occurs, sufficient area shall be preserved and constructed to provide the mid-block alley to provide access to parking areas, garages, and other uses or buildings that are located in the middle of the block. The location of an alley shall be in the locations depicted by the applicable street regulating plan, and designed at a minimum in accordance with the standards herein, and at a maximum to the standards applicable for a public street. Some mid-block alleys connect to adjoining residential streets. Where theyconnect, the applicable standards shall change to residential street standards. Snow removal for an alley is the responsibility of all landowners, collectively, or an HOA, that have a parking area that has an access from the alley.

(6) Small-lot residential street.

A small-lot residential street has street-front buildings that may be set back more than multi-family residential street facades, but are less likely to have a noticeable front yard area.

171 (7) Medium-lot residential street.

A medium-lot residential street has street-front buildings that may be set back more than small-lot residential street facades to provide a small front yard area.

172 (8) Large-lot residential street.

A large-lot residential street has street-front buildings that may be set back enough to create a sizeable front yard on a lot that is large.

173 (9) Rural residential street.

A rural residential street has street-front buildings that may be set back enough to create a sizeable front yard on a lot that is at least an acre large.

174 (10) Estate lot residential street.

An estate lot residential street has street-front buildings that may be set back enough to create a sizeable front yard on a lot that contains multiple acres.

175 (11) General open space street.

A general open space street has very limited buildings adjacent to the street, and only those that are incidental and accessory to the open space.

176 Sec 104-22-3 Land Use Table

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The following land use table provides use regulations applicable for each street type. In the list, those designated for any street type as "P" will be a permitted use. Uses designated as "C" will be allowed only when authorized by a conditional use permit obtained as provided in Title 108, Chapter 4 of this Land Use Code. Uses designated "N" will not be allowed on property with frontage on, or that gains access from, that street type. All uses listed are indoor uses, unless explicitly stated otherwise with the terms "outdoor" or "yard."

Sec 104-22-3.010 Accessory Uses

An accessory use is prohibited unless located on the same $\underline{\mathsf{L}}$ lot or $\underline{\mathsf{Pp}}$ arcel as the main use to which it is accessory.

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Accessory building. A building that is accessory and incidental to the use of a main building.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	
Accessory dwelling unit. A dwelling unit that is accessory to a single-family dwelling residential use.	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	See Chapter 108-19.
Accessory use. A use that is accessory and incidental to the main use.	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Agricultural hobby farm	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Family food production. Family food production as an accessory use to a single-family dwelling residential use.	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	Р	Р	N	See Section 104-22- 4.
Home occupation. A home occupation that is accessory to a residential use.	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	See Chapter 108-13.
Household pets. Household pets that are accessory to a residential use.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	

Main building. A main building that is designed or used to be accessory to an outdoor main use allowed in the zone.	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	P	P	Р	Р	
Parking lot. A parking lot that is accessory to a main use allowed in the zone.	Р	Р	P	Р	₽	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	See Section 104-22-9.
Produce stand, for produce grown on the premises only.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	
Temporary building or use. A temporary building or use that is accessory and incidental to onsite construction work.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	See Section 104-22- 4.

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Agriculture, as a main use of the property	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Agricultural experiment station.	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	
Agri-tourism.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	See Title 108, Chapter 21.
Aquaculture.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	
Botanical or community garden. Open space land for the purpose of growing plants. This use may be for private use or open to the general public with or without a fee.	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Fruit and vegetable storage and packing plant, for produce grown on premises.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	10-acre minimum let- Lot or Parcel area required.
Grain storage elevator.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	10-acre minimum let Lot or Parcel area required.
Greenhouse and nursery. Sales are limited to plants produced on the premises.	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	P	
Manure spreading, drying and sales.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	
Wildlife sanctuaries. A wildlife sanctuary.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	10-acre minimum let <u>Lot or Parcel</u> area required.

Sec 104-22-3.030 Agricultural Uuses, Aanimal-Oeriented.

The following are animal-related uses that do not and shall not typically generate customer-oriented traffic to the Lot or parcel Parcel.

	8	>00	MUC		S L R		L L R	R	ELR	0	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
Animal grazing. Animal grazing, as	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	
defined in Title 101 Chapter 2.	ļ.,	<u> </u>	-	1		1		Ľ	ı.	Ľ	
Apiary. The keeping of bees.	N	N	N	N	C	P	P	Р	Р	P	
Aquaculture, animal related. The raising and potential harvesting of water animals or water plants.	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Aviary. The raising of birds.	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	No onsite slaughtering permitted.
Corral or stable . A corral, stable, or building for the keeping of agricultural animals or fowl.	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	See Section 104-22-4.
Dairy farm, including milk processing and sale, when at least 50 percent of milk is produced on the farm.	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	10-acre minimum let Lot or Parcel area required.

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The following are uses oriented toward providing amusement or entertainment for patrons.

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Amphitheater. An outdoor open-air amphitheater with raising rows of spectator seating used for entertainment and performances.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	С	
Entertainment facility, large indoor. An indoor entertainment facility, as defined in Title 101, Chapter 2, using greater than 20,000 square feet of floor area.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Entertainment facility, outdoor. An outdoor entertainment facility, as defined in Title 101, Chapter 2.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Entertainment facility, small indoor. An indoor entertainment facility, as defined in Title 101, Chapter 2, limited to no more than 20,000 square feet of floor area.	С	С	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Amusement park. Amusement park.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Amusement park, temporary. An amusement park, circus, petting zoo, pony ring, or carnival that is conducted for no longer than one month.	Р	Р	Р	С	N	N	N	N	С	С	-
Botanical or zoological garden. A botanical or zoological garden, including petting zoo and pony ring.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	2-Acre minimum Lot or Parcellet or parcel area required.
Campgrounds or picnic areas, commercial. A commercial campground or picnic area.	N	N	N	N	N	N	С	С	С	С	See Section 104-22-4. 2-Acre minimum Lot or Parcellet or parcel area required.
Dude ranch. A dude ranch, as defined in Title 101 Chapter 2.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	С	10-acre minimum Lot or Parcellot or parcel area required.
Golf course. Golf course.	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	This shall not include miniature golf.
Private park, playground or recreation area, noncommercial. A private park charging no fee or remuneration for use.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Public park, recreation grounds. Recreation grounds that are owned and operated by a public entity.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Recreation lodge. A recreation lodge, as defined in Title 101, Chapter 2.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	С	N	
Recreational resort. A recreational resort, as defined in Title 101, Chapter 2.	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	

Sec 104-22-3.050 Animal Secrvices and Uuses.

	6 8 1	>00	MUC	MFR	S L R	M L R	L L R	R	ELR	0 5	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
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Animal groomery, small animal. Grooming for small animals.	Р	P	Р	P	N	N	N	N	Р	N	A small animal generally weighs less than 250 lbs.
Dog or cat facility. Dog or cat breeding, kennels, lodging, or training school.	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	С	С	N	If located completely indoors, and inaudible from an adjoining Lot or Parcel-let or parcel, this use is permitted where listed as conditional.
Horse or equestrian event center. A horse or equestrian event center, including indoor concessions as an accessory use.	Р	N	Z	N	N	N	N	N	N	С	
Horse or equestrian training facility and stabling, commercial. A commercial equestrian training facility or horse stable.	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	N	С	С	
Stable for horses, noncommercial. Horses shall be for noncommercial use only.	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	No more than two horses shall be kept for each one-half acre of land used for the horses.
Stray animal shelter. A shelter for stray, lost, or seized animals.	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Veterinary facility. Veterinary facility.	Р	Р	Р	С	N	N	N	N	С	С	If located completely indoors, and inaudible from an adjoining Lot or Parcellet er parcel, this use is permitted where listed as conditional.

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Food Preparation and Services:											
Alcoholic beverage production. The production, manufacturing, brewing, and wholesale sales of alcoholic beverages.	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Bakery, delicatessen, or catering, large. Bakery or other food preparation services primarily intended for offsite consumption.	P	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Bakery, delicatessen, or catering, small. Bakery or small-batch food processing and retail sales of goods produced on premises, limited to 5,000 square feet floor area. Offsite catering allowed as an incidental and accessory use.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Butcher or other custom meat products, large. A shop in which meats are cut, prepared, cured, smoked, or wrapped for the purpose of sales onsite.	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	This use shall not include onsite slaughtering.
Butcher or other custom meat products, small. A shop in which meats are cut, prepared, cured, smoked, or wrapped for the purpose of sales onsite; limited to 510,000 square feet floor area.	Р	P	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	This use shall not include onsite slaughtering.

Bar. A bar or any other establishment where the primary purpose is the sales and onsite consumption of alcoholic beverages.	Р	Р	P	P	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Brewery or distillery in conjunction with a restaurant.	Р	Р	P	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Restaurant with drive-up window. Restaurant, all food types, with drive- up windows.	Р	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	See drive up (drive- thru) window requirements of Section 104-22-4.
Restaurant. Restaurants, all food types, excluding those with drive-up windows.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	

Retail, Food, and Drug; Products Primarily for Offsite Consumption.											
Candy or confectionary store. The sales of candy, sweets, snacks, and small batch bakery goods and desserts.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	

Sec 104-22-3.070 Government and I institutional Uuses.

Drugstore or pharmacy.

Grocery store. A grocery eterystore, including a store that specializes in

the sales of any type of food normally found in a grocery store.

Produce stand, commercial. A

commercial produce stand intended

for the sales of agricultural products.

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	6 8 1	>00	MUC	MFR	S L R	M L R	LLR	RR	ELR	0 \$	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
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Cemetery.	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	
Convalescent, rest home, or sanitarium. An establishment for long-term medical treatment of people.	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	N	N	N	N	N	- ir
Child daycare. A daycare center operating in compliance with State regulation.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	
Fire station. Fire and emergency medical service station.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Governmental offices. The offices of a governmental entity.	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Instructional facility, large. A facility in which instructional lessons are taught, such as a school or education center, and that does not qualify as a small instructional facility.	Р	С	С	N	N	N	Ν	N	N	N	
Instructional facility, small. An indoor facility in which instructional lessons are taught, such as a school or education center, limited to 10,000 square feet floor area.	Р	Р	С	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	N	N	N	
Medical facility. A facility, such as a hospital or surgery center, that provides medical services that are typically unavailable from a medical or dental office.	Р	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Museum or art gallery. A museum, art gallery, or similar space for historical or educational displays.	Р	P	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Post office. A post office.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Preschool. A preschool operating in compliance with State regulation.	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	N	
Public library. A library owned and operated by a governmental entity.	Р	P	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	

If applicable, see drive up (drive-thru) window requirements of Section 104-22-4.

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Public park. A public park and related recreation grounds and associated buildings and structures.	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	
Public recreation or community center. A recreation or community center owned and operated by a public entity.	Р	Р	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Public schools. A public school or a private educational facility having a curriculum similar to that ordinarily given in public schools.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	
Public storage facilities. Storage facilities used by a governmental entity.	Р	С	Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Visitors center. A tourism visitor's center or offices.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Worship facility. A church, synagogue or similar building used for regular religious worship.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	

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Sec 104-22-3.080 Office uses.

	8 -	000	MUC	FR	S L R	L R	L L R	RR	HLR	0	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
Agency. An agency for real estate, travel, property rental or management, insurance, detective, employment, or similar based on frequency of visiting clientele.	Р	P	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Bank or financial institution. A bank or other financial institution.	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	This use shall not include payday loan services.
Medical or dental office. A medical or dental office for routine out-patient care.	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Office, generally. Office or studio space for office or studio uses not otherwise listed herein, in which goods or merchandise are not commercially created, exchanged or sold, and that operates with typical office equipment in a relatively quiet and nonintrusive manner.	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	

	6	>00	MUC	M F R	S L R	M L R	L L R	RR	ELR	0	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
	_	,		_	_	_		_		_	
Dwelling, single-family. A single-family dwelling, as defined by Title 101, Chapter 2.	N	N	N	N	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	N	
Dwelling, two-family. A two-family dwelling, as defined by Title 101, Chapter 2.	N	N	N	Р	Р	N	Й	N	N	N	
Dwelling, three-family. A three-family dwelling, as defined by Title 101, Chapter 2.	N	N	N	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	
Dwelling, four-family. A four-family dwelling, as defined by Title 101, Chapter 2.	N	N	N	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	See Section 104-22-4, and TDR requirements of 104-22-11
Dwelling, multi-family. A multi-family dwelling, as defined by Title 101, Chapter 2.	Р	P	P	P	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Dwelling unit. A dwelling unit or condominium dwelling unit, as defined by Title 101, Chapter 2 that is part of a commercial or multifamily dwelling building.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Hotel, motel, lodginghouse, condominium rental apartment (condo-tel) or timeshare condominium. A hotel, motel, lodginghouse, condominium rental apartment (condo-tel), or timeshare condominium. This use may include lockout sleeping rooms, as defined by Title 101, Chapter 2, as an accessory use.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Residential facility for elderly persons.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	See requirements of 104-22-4, and TDR requirements of 104- 22-11
Residential facility for handicapped persons.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	See requirements of 104-22-4, and TDR requirements of 104- 22-11
Residential facility for troubled youth.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	See requirements of 104-22-4, and TDR requirements of 104- 22-11
Short-term rental. A short-term rental.	Р	Р	Р	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	
Short-term rental, owner occupied.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	С	С	С	С	N	See requirements of 104-22-4.
Workforce housing. Workforce housing, dormitory, or residence hall, or portion thereof.	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	Must comply with "dwelling" requirements of Section 104-22-4.

Commented [CE24]: Maybe not in western weber? No sure there is much of a short term rental market there.

Sec 104-22-3.090 Sales with Reetail Setorefront.

	6 6 -	200	MUC	M F R	S L R	L R	L L R	RR	E	0	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
Agricultural implement sales or repair. A facility that sells or repairs agricultural implements.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
General retail sales, small items. The sales of small items, as qualified in Section 104-22-4.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	See Section 104-22-4.
General retail sales, large items. The sales of large items, as qualified in Section 104-22-4.	Р	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	Z	See Section 104-22-4.
Nursery, commercial. A plant nursery, with associated greenhouses for retail sales of plants and accessory products.	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	See Section 104-22-5 for maximum let_Lot coverage by buildings.
Pawn shop. A shop where a pawnbroker holds items as collateral, then sells unredeemed items to the public.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Smoke shop. A shop primarily devoted to the sale of tobacco or vaping products.	С	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	

Sec 104-22-3.100 Sales typically without retail storefront.

	G 8	>00	MUC	M F R	S L R	M L R	L	RR	ELR	0 5	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
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Christmas tree sales. The temporary siting of an outdoor Christmas tree sales establishment.	Р	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	Р	
Fireworks sales. The siting of a temporary fireworks booth or tent.	Р	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Vendor, short term. The siting of a temporary vendor booth or vehicle for the sales of food or other hand-held items.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	С	See Section 108-13-3 and Section 104-22-4.

	G &	>00	MUG	M F R	S L R	M L R	L L R	R	HLR	0 5	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
Dry cleaning, laundry, or linen cleaning establishment. The professional cleaning of laundry and linens.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Household item repair, large. The repair or service of devices that the average person cannot carry without aid of a moving device.	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Ñ	
Household item repair, small. The repair or service of devices that the average person can carry without aid of a moving device.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Gathering facility, indoor. An indoor facility for rental to clubs, private groups, parties, and organizational groups for recreational activities, including dancing.	Р	Р	P	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Laboratory. A laboratory for the scientific processing, testing, experimenting, etc., of samples in small enough quantities to not be explosive, toxic, or otherwise hazardous.	Р	Р	Р	Ν	Ν	N	N	N	N	Z	
Laundromat. A facility that provides washers and dryers for self-serve laundry service.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Mortuary or funeral home. Mortuary or funeral home and related sales and services.	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Outdoor recreation guide base- operation. A location that provides a base of operations for an outdoor recreation guide service.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Parcel drop-off service. A service for the collection and shipment of small parcels, and accessory sales or services.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Printing and copying service without retail shop. Printing, lithographing, publishing or reproductions sales and services, including engraving and photo engraving.	P	P	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Z	
Tailor services. The altering, pressing, or repairing of articles of clothing. Creation of new articles of clothing is permitted as long as the clothing is sold in an onsite retail establishment.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	

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Sec 104-22-3.130 Utility uses.

for sale.

L SPECIAL UF L L REGULATIONS R Public utility substations. Р Р Р Wastewater treatment or disposal See Title 108, Chapter Ρ Ρ Ρ Р Ρ Р Р Р Р С facilities. 10. PPP Р С Р Р Р Р Р Water treatment or storage facility. Small wind energy system. Р N N N N N P P С See Section 108-7-24 Р PPPPPP С See Section 108-7-27 Solar energy system.

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Sec 104-22-3.140 Vehicle-oriented uses.

	8	000	SO		L	L R		10000	LLR	0	SPECIAL REGULATIONS
Airport, private and commercial.	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Automobile sales or rentals, indoor. The sale or rental of a passenger automobile.	Р	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Automobile sales or rentals, outdoor. The sale or rental of a passenger automobile.	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	See Section 104-22-4.
Boat sales or rentals. The sale or rental of a motorized boat.	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	See Section 104-22-4.
Car wash. A car wash of any type that is not accessory to a gas or refueling station as regulated otherwise herein.	Р	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	See Section 104-22-4.

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Gas or refueling station. A gas or refueling station, which may include a convenience store and an automatic carwash as an accessory use.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	See Section 104-22-4.
Motor vehicles sales or rentals. The rental or sales of motor vehicles not otherwise listed herein.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	See Section 104-22-4.
Parking lot or structure. A parking lot or parking structure.	Р	Р	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Passenger vehicle repair or service of any kind. The repair or service of any passenger automobile or any other motorized vehicle less than 10,000 lbs gross vehicle weight.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Trailer sales or rentals.	С	С	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Transit terminal.	Р	Р	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Truck gas or refueling station. A gas or refueling station oriented toward large freight vehicles, which may include a convenience store and an automatic carwash as an accessory use.	N	N	Z	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Trucking terminal. The repair, service, and/or storage of freight trucks, or a station for transferring freight.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	

Sec 104-22-4 Special Regulations

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Sec 104-22-4.010 Special Regulations, Generally.

- (a) All uses, generally. All uses listed in the use table are indoor uses, unless specifically stated otherwise. All indoor uses shall not generate noise, outdoor lighting, vibration, smoke, dust or airborne particulate matter, refuse, or anything else that is uncommon to the established character of the neighborhood to such a degree as to be perceptible to constitute a nuisance to the occupants of the immediate area.
- (b) **Drive up (drive-thru) window.** Any business with a drive up (drive-thru) window shall complywith the following:
 - (1) The window shall be located on the rear of the building. The rear of the building shall be determined as the side of the building opposite from the building's facade that faces the public street. If on a corner along a government or institutional street or vehicle-oriented commercial street, the window may be located on the side of the building thatis visible from the less prominent street.
 - (2) The stacking lanes and drive up (drive-thru) queue, and the parking spaces devoted to the drive up (drive-thru) window shall be located in an area that is not visible from the moreprominent street right-of-way when the area is fully built-out.
 - (3) One drive up (drive-thru) queue space that is at least 20 feet in length may substitute a parking space required by this Land Use Code.
- (c) Perpetual building maintenance agreement. When a building is set back less than ten feet from a property line, a perpetual building maintenance agreement is required between the building owner and the affected adjacent property owner, which shall allow for construction and maintenance of the side or rear of a commercial building, and shall:
 - (1) be reviewed for compliance with this section by the Planning Division and County Attorney's Office;
 - (2) place responsibility on the building owner for prompt repairs and maintenance of the side or rear of the building;
 - (3) require allowances of access to the property for repairs and maintenance purposes;

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(4) be signed by the owner of the building and the adjacent property owner and be recorded on the title of both properties.

Sec 104-22-4.020 Special Regulations For Specific Uses.

- (a) Automobile or other vehicle related uses. The use of a <u>Lot or Parcellet</u> for automobile repair of any kind, automobile sales, rental or service, boat sales, rental or service, a tire shop, or any other use governed by this section by reference shall only be conducted within a completely enclosed building that meets the standards of this chapter.
 - (1) No vehicle awaiting service shall be stored outside for more than one day.
 - (2) Sufficient parking for all employee or customer uses, including the temporary parking of vehicles awaiting pickup from owners, shall be provided on the <u>Lot or Parcellet</u>.
 - (3) No vehicles associated with the use shall be parked on the street. However, up to 20 vehicles may be temporarily parked in a parking lot meeting all applicable parking standards of this land use code if the vehicles are available for immediate purchase, lease, or rent, and as long as all other standards of this Land Use Code are met.
- (b) Automobile repair of any kind. Refer to paragraph (b) of this section.
- (c) Automobile sales, rentals, or service. Refer to paragraph (b) of this section.
- (d) Boat sales or service. Refer to paragraph (b) of this section.
- (e) Campgrounds or picnic areas, commercial. A commercial campground or picnic area shall comply with Title 108, Chapter 20. If located along any street in the FB zone except open space, an opaque fence or wall shall surround the use. Vegetation screening shall be planted on the outside of the fence or wall to allow the use to blend in with surrounding uses. A drip irrigation system shall be installed to ensure long-term viability of the vegetation.
- (f) Car wash. Where allowed, a car wash is subject to the following restrictions:
 - (1) Operation hours are only allowed between 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.
 - (2) There shall not be more than four washing bays for a manual spray car wash.
 - (3) Car wash facilities shall be set back from the street right-of-way at least 60 feet, reserving street frontage for buildings that provide street-facing commercial facades.
 - (4) The off-street vehicle spaces or queues required shall be as follows:
 - a. One bay car wash, four spaces in the approach lane;
 - b. Two bay car wash, three spaces in the approach lane for each wash bay;
 - c. Three or more bay car wash, two spaces in the approach lane for each wash bay.
 -) Corral or stable. This use shall be located no less than 100 feet from a public street and not less than 25 feet from any side or rear lot line
- (h) Dwelling or dwelling unit. The regulations for a dwelling unit use listed in the land use table are as follows:
 - (1) Construction standards. A dwelling unit on a government and institutional, vehicle-oriented, mixed use commercial, or multi-family residential street shall be constructed to a multifamily residential standard in accordance with the International Building Code.
 - (2) Dwelling unit location. A dwelling unit proposed along a government and institutional, vehicle-oriented commercial, or a mixed-use commercial street shall be located on a <u>Lot or Parcellet</u> as follows:
 - a. Above or behind any street-level commercial space; or
 - b. Behind a building that provides street-level commercial space, or if no such building exists at the time of application, behind the area reserved for street-level commercial space as otherwise required herein. The location shall provide for the existing and future planned street layout of

the area, including the future street-level commercial space that will face future streets, and internal block alleyways.

- (3) Two, three, four, and multi-family residential: Unless one of the units is owner occupied, a two, three, four, or multi-family residential building shall be operated and maintained by a professional management company that specializes in multi-family residential property management.
- (4) Density allowance and transferable development rights. No dwelling units in excess of the base density, as defined by Title 101, Chapter 2, and as provided in Section 104-22-11, are allowed in the Form-Based Zone except when in compliance with the transferable development rights requirements of Section 104-22-11.

(i) Family food production.

- (1) As used in this subsection, a Group A animal is either one pig, one sheep, one cow, or one goat, and Group B animals or fowl are either a set of ten rabbits, ten chickens, ten pheasants, five turkeys, five ducks, five geese, or five pigeons.
 - a. No more than four sets of Group B animals or fowl may be kept on a <u>Lot or Parcellet or parcel</u> that is less than 40,000 square feet.
 - b. No more than six combined sets of Group A animals and Group B animals or fowl may be kept on a <u>Lot or Parcellet or parcel</u> that is less than two acres. The same applies to a <u>Lot or Parcellet or parcel</u> greater than two acres, except that an additional six combined sets of Group A and Group B animals or fowl may be kept per each additional acre greater than two.
- (j) Gas or fuel station. A gas or fuel canopy shall not be located closer to a public street right-of-way, excluding a mid-block alley, than 60 feet. The canopy shall be located to the rear of the convenience store associated with the canopy.
- (k) General retail sales, small items. This use is any store that primarily retails or rents items to be physically taken by the customer from the store, when those items weigh less than 80 lbs, including product packaging, or that are small enough to fit in a typical passenger vehicle. The use is limited to 4,000 square feet of retail floor-area. No sales yard is permitted. No sales of items intended to be explosive or hazardous to human health, safety, or welfare is permitted.
- (I) General retail sales, large items. This use is any store that primarily retails or rents items to be physically taken by the customer from the store, when those items weigh more than 80 lbs, including product packaging, or that are too large to fit in a typical passenger vehicle. This use may include an outdoor sales yard of no greater than 6,000 square feet as long as it is completely surrounded by an opaque wall. No sales of items intended to be explosive or hazardous to human health, safety, or welfare is permitted.
- (m) Office uses. A use listed in the "office uses" table may only be located above orbehind first-floor street-level commercial space, reserving the street frontage for first-floor street-level commercial space. A local recreation and tourism office devoted to providing services, information, and events primarily for visitors to the Ogden Valley is exempt from this requirement provided that it is open and accessible to all members of the public.
- (n) Shooting range or training course, indoor or outdoor. The facility shall provide designated shooting positions for which ballistic backstops are designed. No shooting is allowed except in these designated shooting positions. All sides down range of a shooting position shall have a non-ricochet ballistic backstop, including overhead and on the ground or floor, capable of containing all errant bullets. For an outdoor range, the overhead backstop may be a series of baffles. Approval shall be subject to the requirements and conditions of the local fire authority. The range operator shall be onsite at all times shooting is occurring.
- (o) Short-term rental, owner occupied. The residence shall be the owner's primary residence, be taxed as such, and the owner shall have owned the residence for at least two years prior to submitting a Land Use Permit for the owner-occupied short-term rental. Additionally, the owner must be present at all times in which the property is being rented on a short-term basis.
 - (p) Self-storage. Self-storage is only allowed if located on the same <u>Lot or Parcellot or parcellot.</u>

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- (1) Storage units shall be located behind or above building area that provides a first-stery-floor street-facing commercial façade and related commercial space. The building providing street-facing commercial space shall appear from the exterior as if office or residential space is offered in the area housing the storage units.
- (2) If located in a separate onsite building than the building providing first-stery-floor street-facing commercial space specified herein, the separate building shall be located behind the building with first-stery-floor street-level commercial space, and shall be no wider than the building providing first-stery-floor street-level commercial space.
- (3) Storage unit bay doors or garage doors shall face away and not be visible from the nearest property line, and shall be completely obscured from view from any public right-of-way.
- (q) Ski area. This use may include ancillary equipment and structures such as snow making equipment, snow grooming equipment, maintenance facilities, trail and wayfinding signage, ski lifts, ski fences, ticket booths, concession stands, restroom facilities, food and beverage sales, ski patrol facilities, emergency response facilities, and similar uses commonly found in ski areas. Outdoor storage and maintenance of ski related equipment is allowed provided that it is screened from view of the general public. Ski area trail wayfinding signage are exempt from other signage requirements of this Land Use Code. Any lighting associated with said signage is subject to the requirements of Section 108-16.
- (r) Temporary building or use. The building or use shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of the construction work.
- (s) Tire shop. Refer to paragraph (b) of this section.
- (t) **Vendor, short term.** No booth or vehicle shall be permanently affixed to the ground, nor shall it be stationary for more than four days at a time.

Sec 104-22-5 Lot Development Standards

The following lot development standards apply to a <u>Lot or Parcellet or parcell</u> in the Form-Based Zone, unless specified otherwise in this Land Use Code. The table headers provide the street types, as described in Section 104-22-7, in abbreviated form. A <u>let_Lot</u> fronting or gaining access from one of these street types shall be developed in accordance with the corresponding development standard.

(a) Lot area.

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STREET TYPE	MINIMUM LOT AREA:		
Government and Institutional (G/I)			
Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC)	No minimum		
Mixed-Use Commercial (MUC)	No minimum		
Multi-Family Residential (MFR)			
Small Lot Residential (SLR)	3,000 square feet		
Medium Lot Residential (MLR)	8,000 square feet		
Large Lot Residential (LLR)	20,000 square feet		
Rural Residential (RR)	40,000 square feet		
Estate Lot Residential	3 acres		
Open Space (OS)	No minimum		

(b) Lot width and frontage.

(1) Unless allowed otherwise by this Land Use Code, each Lot shall have frontage on the type of street that corresponds with its governing street type as provided on the street regulating plan map.

STREET TYPE	MINIMUM LOT WIDTH AND STREET FRONTAGE:	
Government and Institutional (G/I)		
Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC)		
Mixed-Use Commercial (MUC)	12 feet	
Multi-Family Residential (MFR)		
Small Lot Residential (SLR)	30 feet	
Medium Lot Residential (SLR)	50 feet	
Large Lot Residential (LLR)	100 feet	
Rural Residential (RR)		
Estate Lot Residential	150 feet	
Open Space (OS)	No minimum	

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- (c) Front lot-line setback.
- (2) Along a MFR, MUC, VOC, and G/I street, the frontage requirement is not applicable for a Lot that is platted as part of a larger planned development, provided that:
 - a. The development includes or has included the dedication and construction of all required street and mid-block alley improvements.
 - b. The street improvements required shall be, at a minimum, for the same length as the Lot is wide.
 - No parcel shall be configured or developed in a manner that obstructs the ability to develop buildings that contain street-facing first-floor retail operations. A Lot without street frontage shall not have any Lot line closer to the street right-of-way than 40 feet.

	LEVEL CO	OR STREET- MMERCIAL 3 FAÇADE	ALL OTHER BUILDING FAÇADES	
STREET TYPE	MINIMUM FRONT LOT- LINE SETBACK:	MAXIMUM FRONT LOT- LINE SETBACK	MINIMUM FRONT LOT- LINE SETBACK:	MAXIMUM FRONT LOT- LINE SETBACK
Government and Institutional (G/I)				
Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC)	No minimum	5 feet, or 20 feet if providing public dining or gathering space.*	40 feet**	No maximum
Mixed-Use Commercial (MUC)				
Multi-Family Residential (MFR)			5 feet	10 feet*
Small Lot Residential (SLR)	Not Applicable		5 feet	No maximum
Medium Lot Residential (SLR)	Not Applicable		20 feet	30 feet
Large Lot Residential (LLR)				
Rural Residential (RR)				
Estate Lot Residential (ELR)	Not Applicable		30 feet	No maximum
Open Space (OS)				

*This maximum front yard setback shall be waived if at least 90 percent of the ∐lot's street front is already occupied by a similar building.

**Except for a public plaza, this setback distance shall remain clear from permanent building improvements or significant financial investments until or unless a first-floor street-level commercial building facade is constructed that meets the five-foot maximum building setback. Any parking provided in this area shall not be included in the overall parking calculations.

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STREET TYPE	MINIMUM SIDE LOT-LINE SETBACK:	MAXIMUM SIDE LOT-LINE SETBACK:	
Government and Institutional (G/I) Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC) Mixed-Use Commercial (MUC) Multi-Family Residential (MFR)	No minimum. See requirements of perpetual maintenance agreement in Section 104-22-4.1	No maximum. Any space between buildings shall be open for pedestrian passage to internal block areas, unless designed, constructed, and actively used (when weather permits) for outdoor dining, shopping, or other street activities that are open to the public.	
Small Lot Residential (SLR)			
Medium Lot Residential (MLR)	5 feet		
Large Lot Residential (LLR)		No maximum	
Rural Residential (RR)	40.6-4	No maximum	
Estate Lot Residential (ELR)	10 feet		
Open Space (OS)			

(e) Rear lot-line setback.

STREET TYPE MINIMUM REAR LOT-LINE SETBACK: Government and Institutional (G/I) Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC) No minimum. See requirements of perpetual maintenance agreement in Section 104-22-4.1 Mixed-Use Commercial (MUC) Multi-Family Residential (MFR) Small Lot Residential (SLR) 5 feet Medium Lot Residential (MLR) 20 feet Large Lot Residential (LLR) Rural Residential (RR) 30 feet Estate Lot Residential Open Space (OS)

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(f) Lot coverage.

STREET TYPE	MAXIMUM PERCENT OF LOT COVERAGE BY BUILDINGS:	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS ALLOWED PER LOT:	
Government and Institutional (G/I)	No maximum, provided compliance with all other	No maximum	
Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC)	requirements.		

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Mixed-Use Commercial (MUC)		
Multi-Family Residential (MFR)		
Small Lot Residential (SLR)	85 percent	4
Medium Lot Residential (MLR)	50 percent	1*
Large Lot Residential (LLR)	30 percent	1*
Rural Residential (RR)	20 percent	1*
Estate Lot Residential	10 percent	1*
Open Space (OS)	2.5 percent	Not applicable

- 401 *Not including an accessory dwelling unit, as provided in Section 108-19.
 - (g) Loading and unloading. Each building anticipated to receive deliveries from a truck that has a gross vehicle weight greater than 26,000 lbs shall be provided with an off-street loading and unloading area behind the building.
 - (h) Building location. Each building shall be located on a let_lot in a manner that preserves space for the extension of street rights-of-way as shown in the street regulating plan, and the _lot's respective setback standard.

Sec 104-22-6 Building Design Standards

Sec 104-22-6.1 Building Design Standards Per Street Type

The follow table provides regulations applicable to all buildings in the FB Zone. They are broken out by street type, as represented in the applicable street regulating plan.

414 (a) Height.

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STREET TYPE	MINIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT	MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT
Government and Institutional (G&I)		
'Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC)	25 feet	50 feet
Mixed-Use Commercial (MUC)		30 leet
Multi-Family Residential (MFR)	One story	

Small Lot Residential (SLR)		
Medium Lot Residential (MLR)		
Large Lot Residential (LLR)		35 feet
Rural Residential (RR)		
Estate Lot Residential		
Open Space (OS)	None	25 feet, except a greater height is allowed for a grain storage elevator or similar agriculturally supportive use.

415 (b) Building area.

STREET TYPE	MAXIMUM BUILDING FOOTPRINT:
Government and Institutional (G&I)	No single commercial use shall occupy a footprint of more than
Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC)	30,000 square feet*
Mixed-Use Commercial (MUC)	No single commercial use shall occupy a footprint of more than 10,000 square feet
Multi-Family Residential (MFR)	10,000 square reet
Small Lot Residential (SLR)	
Medium Lot Residential (MLR)	
Large Lot Residential (LLR)	None
Rural Residential (RR)	
Estate Lot Residential	
Open Space (OS)	

*Government buildings and schools are exempt from building area maximum.

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419 (c) First-floor building standards.

STREET TYPE	VERTICAL DISTANCE OF FIRST-FLOOR SURFACE ELEVATION FROM THE STREET SIDEWALK'S SURFACE ELEVATION*:	"MINIMUM FIRST- FLOOR STORY HEIGHT	FIRST-FLOOR LOAD-BEARING SUPPORTS	
Government and Institutional (G&I)		12 feet	Columns and beams, no interior load bearing walls. A column shall be at least 10 feet away from another column or exterior load-bearing wall.	
"Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC) 4	30 inches maximum.	15 feet		
≀Multi-Family Residential (MFR)	5 feet minimum, except 30 inches for building area to be used for commercial purposes.	10 feet, except 15 feet for areas of the first_floor to be used for commercial space.	For commercial area, same as MUC. Not applicable for residential parts of the building.	
Small Lot Residential (SLR)				
Medium Lot Residential (MLR)				
Large Lot Residential (LLR)	Net englische	Net applicable	Not applicable	
l/Rural Residential (RR)	Not applicable	Not applicable		
Estate Lot Residential				
Open Space (OS)				

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(d) Transparent fenestration requirements.

	FOR THE FILL STORY FLOOR A BUIL	RST_FIRST- R FAÇADE OF	MINIMUM FENESTRATION FOR THE SECOND-SECOND- STORY-FLOOR AND ABOVE		
STREET TYPE	STREET- FACING:	ALLEY- FACING:	STREET- FACING:	ALLEY- FACING:	
Government and Institutional (G&I)	50 percent	30 percent	30 per	rcent	
Vehicle-Oriented Commercial (VOC)	70 percent				
'Mixed-Use Commercial (MUC)	70 porodit	40 percent	40 percent		
Multi-Family Residential (MFR)	70 percent for commercial				

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	facade, 30 percent for residential facade.	
Small Lot Residential (SLR)		
Medium Lot Residential (MLR)		
Large Lot Residential (LLR)	Not applicable	Not applicable
Rural Residential (RR)		
Estate Lot Residential		
Open Space (OS)		

(e) Main entrance requirements. Each building with building or Lot frontage along a government and institutional, vehicle-oriented commercial, mixed-use commercial, or multi-family street shall be provided with a main entrance that faces the street. Except when the building is set back from the street right-of-way or any sidewalk, pathway, or pedestrian way at least four feet, the main entrance shall be recessed from the building's façade no less than five feet.

Sec 104-22-6.2 Building Design Standards By Area

Except for single-family, two-family, three-family and four-family dwellings, the following regulations are applicable to the architecture and design of buildings in each area. Each area, as depicted in the applicable street regulating plan, has a unique architectural theme as provided herein. Each building, except those aforementioned, is required to be designed by a licensed architect. After receiving recommendation from a licensed architect, the planning commission may allow minor modifications to the applicability of the standards in this section as long as it results in a design that better aligns with the intent of the design theme and blends well with the design features of adjacent buildings.

Sec 104-22-6.3 Old Town Eden Area Building Design Standards

In addition to applicable standards in this chapter, the following standards apply to all buildings in the Old Town Eden Area:

- (a) Design theme. All buildings shall have architectural styling and materials that resemble historic commercial main-street buildings in the Western United States that were inexistence between 1880 and 1910. Each new building shall provide diversity and varietyin building design, architectural features, and building material that set each building apartfrom adjacent buildings.
- (b) **Building form.** A building's street-facing façade shall be designed to have a base, body, and cap, each of varying design features and building material.
- (c) Rooflines. Rooflines shall be broken every 50 feet, with no less than a 12-inch shift between adjacent rooflines. If the building will have a sloped roof, parapet walls shall be constructed to hide the roof slope.
- (d) Building massing. The wall massing of building facades shall be broken at least every40 feet with no less than a six-inch shift in the plane of adjacent walls. Each street-facing façade shall be designed and constructed to have a building base, building body, and varying building roofline, each having varying building materials or design techniques.
- (e) Building material. Each building facade that faces the street shall consist of brick, or wood, or a faux material that is hard to distinguish from real brick, or wood. Metal may be used for accent material. At least one of the building materials used on the building façade shall also be used on all other sides of

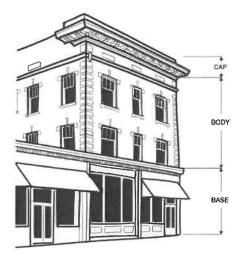
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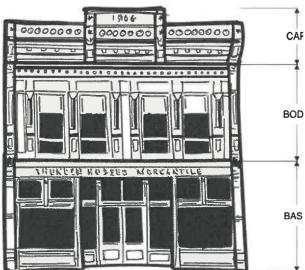
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- (f) Colors. Natural colors of wood and brick, as well as natural metals with an aged patina, are allowed. Other muted earth-tone paints may be used as long as they complement the age period. No more than 70 percent of a building's facade shall be white.
- (g) Examples. Examples of generally acceptable architectural features are depicted in the following images. Any conflict between details in the images and regulations in thischapter shall be interpreted in favor of the regulations in the chapter.









Sec 104-22-6.4 New Town Eden Area and West Weber's 4700 Area Building Design Standards

In addition to applicable standardsin this chapter, the following standards apply to all buildings in the New Town Eden Area:

- (a) **Design theme.** All buildings shall have architectural styling and materials that implement agrarian-style architecture. Agrarian-style architecture shall incorporate at least two of thefollowing four options:
 - (1) Either a gable roof at a 6/12 or greater slope, a gambrel roof, or a monitor roof.
 - (2) An attached shed-roof at a 4/12 or greater slope that is not attached to the mainroof structure.
 - (3) A clerestory or cupola.

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471 (4) Gable-style dormer windows.

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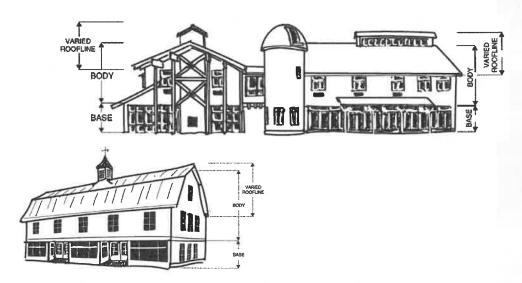
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- (b) Building form. A building's street-facing façade shall be designed to have a base, body, and varying roofline, each of varying design features and building material.
- (c) Rooflines. Rooflines shall be broken every 50 feet, with no less than a 12 inch shift between adjacent rooflines.
- (d) Building massing. The wall massing of building facades shall be broken at least every40 feet with no less than a six-inch shift in the plane of adjacent walls. Each street-facing façade shall be designed and constructed to have a building base, building body, andvarying building roofline, each having varying building materials or design techniques.
- (e) **Building material**. Building façade walls shall be finished with no less than two diverse types of material. The primary building material shall be wood siding or similar appearing siding. At least one of the building materials used on the building façade shall also be used on all other sides of the building.
 - a. Brick or stone may be used in place of wood if approved by the Land Use Authority.
 - b. Metal siding may be used on the building's body, as long as the building's base is made of brick or stone, and as long as the metal siding is broken horizontally by brick or stone every twenty feet, and is treated to create a natural-appearing aged patina.
- (f) **Colors.** Muted earth-tone colors are required. No more than 70 percent of a building's facade shall be white.
- (g) Examples. Examples of generally acceptable architectural features are depicted in the following images. Any conflict between details in the images and regulations in thischapter shall be interpreted in favor of the regulations in the chapter.







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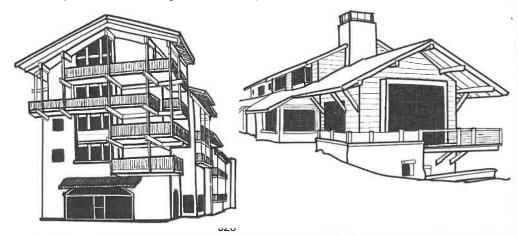
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Sec 104-22-6.5 Nordic Valley Area Building Design Standards

In addition to applicable standards in this chapter, the following standards apply to all buildings in the Nordic Valley Area:

- (a) Design theme. All buildings shall have architectural styling and materials that implement a modern interpretation of alpine design. A modern interpretation of alpine design includes a balance between modern alpine and classical alpine design features. The following design features are intended to provide minimum stylistic requirements to implement this design theme.
- (b) **Building form.** A building's street-facing façade shall be designed to have a base, body, and varying roofline, each of varying design features and building material.
- (c) **Rooflines.** Buildings shall have varying rooflines of predominantly gabled roofs. Rooflines shall be broken every 100 feet, with no less than a 12 inch shift between adjacent rooflines that are on the same plane.
- (d) Building massing. The wall massing of building facades shall be broken at least every 50 feet with no less than a six-inch shift in the plane of adjacent walls. Each street-facing façade shall be designed and constructed to have a building base, building body, and a varying building roofline.
- (e) Building material. Building façade walls shall be finished with no less than two primary and one secondary type of building material. The primary building materials shall be real cut stone, glass, or wood siding or similar appearing siding with a natural wood finish. The secondary building materials include metal, wood, large-cut timbers, metal beams and columns, or concrete or other flat-surface building material which may be colored as allowed herein. At least one of the building materials used on the building façade shall also be used on all other sides of the building.
 - (1) Each building shall have at least 60 percent primary building material.
 - (2) The base of the building shall be at least 60 percent stone, except those areas occupied by transparent fenestration.
 - (3) Use of metal shall be limited to trim, balconies, railing, exposed structural components, and roofs.
 - (4) No more than ten percent of any building façade shall be exposed concrete.
- (f) Colors. Muted earth-tone colors are required. No more than 30 percent of a building's facade shall be white.

(g) **Examples.** Examples of generally acceptable architectural features are depicted in the following images. Any conflict between details in the images and regulations in thischapter shall be interpreted in favor of the regulations in the chapter.













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Sec 104-22-7 Street Types And Street Design

Sec 104-22-7.010 Street Types And Right-Of-Way Cross Sections

- (a) Right-of-way dedication. As development occurs on each Lot or Parcel let or parcel, the owner shall dedicate area for public right-of-way with a width as depicted in the table below or as otherwise adopted, to form a block pattern as depicted in the applicable street regulating plan.
- (b) **Drawings required.** Each application for development shall provide engineered construction drawings of the street improvements required herein.
- (c) Street right-of-way design.
 - (1) Commercial street design. The dimensions and general design for a governmental and institutional street, vehicle-oriented commercial street, mixed-use commercial street, and multifamily residential street is as follows:
 - a. Typical three-lane village cross section. A three-lane village street is required for all minor arterial and major collector streets, as designated by the applicable general plan or master street plan.
 - Typical two-lane village cross section. A two-lane village street is required for all minor collector streets or other local street within a village area.

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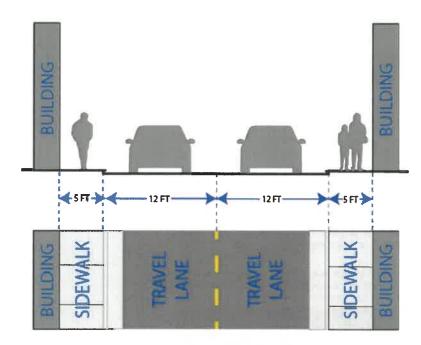
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- (2) Commercial street design with challenging cross slopes. Unless otherwise negotiated by development agreement, the design for a governmental and institutional street, vehicle-oriented commercial street, mixed-use commercial street and multi-family residential street with a cross slope that is greater than 10 percent shall provide a 50 foot right-of-way half-width, with design dimensions as follows:
 - 12-foot travel lane with a painted shared bike lane.

TYPICAL VILLAGE CROSS SECTION

- 16-foot 45 degree angled parking.
- 2.5-foot curb and gutter.
- d. 5.5-foot tree lane.
- e. 14-foot sidewalk.
- (3) Commercial Mid-block alley design. When any side of a street-block contains a G/I, VOC, MUC, or MFR street designation, that side shall have at least one alley designed and constructed. The design for a governmental and institutional alley, vehicle-criented commercial alley, mixed use
 - Regardless of the configuration of a mid-block alley on the street regulating plan map, a mid-block alley shall be located at a distance that is no greater than 330 feet and no less than 200 feet from a street intersection or other mid-block alley intersection.
 - b. The mid-block alley's access to the street shall align with an existing or planned mid-block alley on the opposite side of the street. If there is no existing or planned mid-block alley on the opposite of the street, then the subject mid-block alley's access to the street shall be located in a manner that provides reasonable opportunity for the creation of a future mid-block alley on the opposite of the street.
 - The width of the mid-block commercial alley, and multi-family residential alley shall, at a minimum, be designed is as follows:

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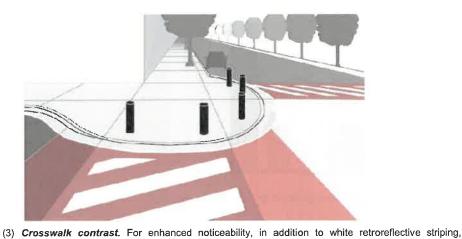


(4) Residential street design. The design for all non-multi-family residential streets is as follows: See provided in Section 106-4-5.

Sec 104-22-7.020 Street Design Standards

For all mixed-use commercial, vehicle-oriented commercial, multi-family residential, and government/institutional street types, the following provisions shall apply. Other The following standards do not apply to non-multi-family streets unless explicitly stated herein. Otherwise, non-multi-family streets shall follow adopted residential street design standards.

- (a) Pedestrian priority design. The street shall be designed to prioritize pedestrian use. At primary points of conflict between pedestrian uses and vehicle uses, the street facility shall be designed and constructed to promote pedestrian safety, comfort, and efficiency.
 - (1) Raised crosswalks. Where a pedestrian-way intersects with a vehicle-way, the pedestrian-way shall be raised at least six inches above the grade of the vehicle-way, or to the level of the adjoining pedestrian-ways, whichever is higher. This shall include but is not limited to the installation of crosswalks and intersections that are raised to the same plane as the sidewalk or adjoining pathways.
 - (2) Curb extension bulb-outs. In order to provide traffic calming and pedestrian safety, street improvements at intersections, pedestrian crossings, and mid-block alleys, if different, shall be constructed with curb extensions that bulb out directly adjacent to the lane of travel. Bike lane widths shall not be obstructed or made narrower at any point along a curb extension bulb-out. Bulb-outs shall be designed to the specifications of this ordinance and the County Engineer, or as otherwise adopted. Where a bulb-out provides access to a raised pedestrian crosswalk, bollards or other permanent features shall be installed along the curve of the bulb-out to keep vehicles from entering the pedestrian-way. Examples of bulb-outs are depicted in the images above An example of a bulb-out is illustrated as follows:



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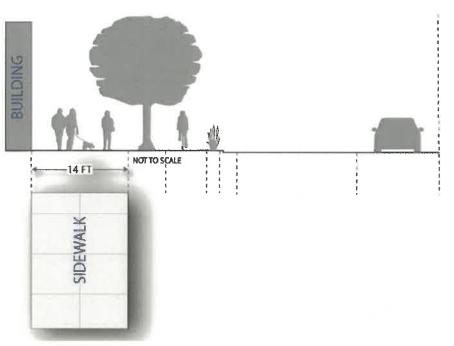
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- crosswalks shall be constructed of stamped and colored concrete to provideclear contrast between the street and crosswalk.
- (4) Mid-block crosswalk. A block that has a length that is greater than 330 feet, as measured from the center of each bounding intersection, shall be provided with a mid-block crosswalk. Solar powered user-activated rapid flashing beacons shall be installed on midblock crosswalk signage.



(b) Sidewalk required. As part of the required street improvements within the FB Zone, a sidewalk shall be installed in the designated sidewalk area, as depicted in Section 104-22-7.010 and as illustrated as follows, on the side of the street of the development and for the entire length of the development let's Lot's street frontage or width.



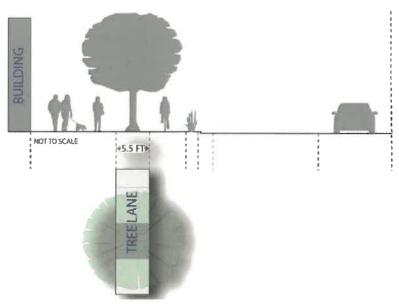
- (1) Paved pathway alternative. A 10-foot wide paved pathway may be installed in lieu of the required sidewalk along any street designated as residential except the multi-family residential street hat is very unlikely to have an adjacent building with first-floor street-level commercial space. The pathway shall be designed as provided in Section 104-22-7.030
- (2) Covered boardwalk alternative. The County Commission may, but is not obligated to, approve the encroachment of a covered boardwalk, or similar, by legislative approval of an encroachment and maintenance contract. The adjoining landowners shall bear full responsibility for the operations and maintenance of the boardwalk. The coveredboardwalk shall comply with the overhead projections standards of this chapter.



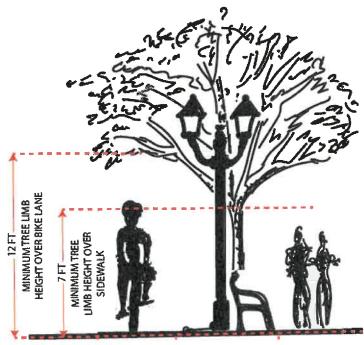
(c) Street trees required. As part of the required street improvements within this zone, street trees shall be installed in the designated tree lane, as depicted in Section 104-22-7.1, on the sameside of the street as the development and for the entire length of the development Lot's street frontage. Tree species shall be approved by the Planning Director and County Engineer as partof the review of the development. A street tree plan shall be submitted as part of a development application and shall be accompanied by a letter from a certified arborist or landscape architect, certifying that the proposed tree type is suitable considering site conditions and local climate. Theplan shall include planting methods that are specific to the site conditions. Planting methods shallprovide means of protecting the longevity of the tree and the street infrastructure. Street trees shall be provided with a permanent watering method with irrigation infrastructure installedunderground.

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(1) Tree planting. No street tree shall be planted within the clear view triangle as provided in Section 108-7-7, Section 106-4-5, or the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards. To provide continuous shade of the pedestrian areas, spacing between tree trunks shall equal the average diameter of the specific tree species' canopy at maturity. However, in the Nordic Valley Area, each block shall have the same number of trees that is equal to one tree per every 50 linear feet of street on both sides of the street, and the trees may be grouped in clusters of no greater than ten trees, rather than equally spaced along the right of way.



(2) Tree maintenance. Unless an association, district, or other collective funding and maintenance entity is approved by the County to provide tree maintenance, a street tree shall be maintained by the owner or proprietor of the property that is immediately adjacent to the street right-of-way where the tree is located. A tree maintenance plan shall be submitted as part of the development review for new development. Trees shall be pruned in a manner that gives at least a seven foot clearance above the sidewalk and a 12 foot clearance above a bike lane or parking area, as depicted by the following graphic:



 (d) Bike facilities required.

(1) Separated bike lane. Unless provided otherwise herein, a concrete bike lane that is six feet in width shall be installed as part of the required street improvements. The bike lane shall be on the same plane as the sidewalk, and shall be separated from the pedestrian walkway by the tree lane.

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(2) Bike lane alternative. When topography results in the inability to safely create sufficient street right-of-way width, the County Engineer has discretion to allow a bike lane to occupy the street's vehicle travel lane. In these cases, a five-foot wide retroreflective green bike lane shall be applied to the center of the lane, and marked with retroreflective sharrows as depicted by the following graphic:



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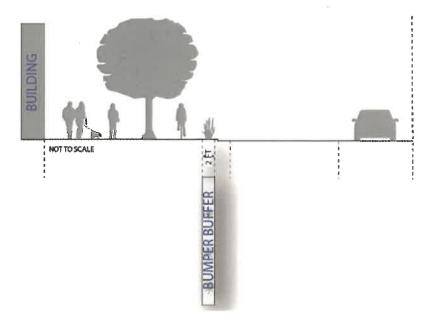
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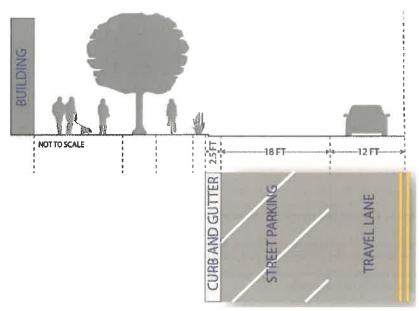
(e) Street parking required.

(1) 45-degree angle parking. Each street shall be designed and constructed to provide 45- degree angled parking.

(2) Street parking alternative. When topography results in the inability to safely create sufficient street width, the County Engineer has discretion to allow a parallel street-parking design instead.

(3) **Parking bumper buffer.** A three-foot parking buffer shall be provided between the bikelane and the curb for vehicle bumper overhang. Vegetation may be in this buffer.





f) Curb, gutter, and drainage facilities. Curb, gutter, and drainage facilities shall be installed along each street and internal alleyway in accordance with the County's standard curb and guttercross sections and Page 45 of 63

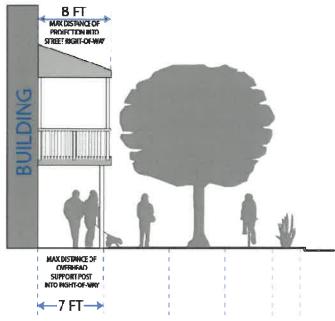
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(g) Items in public right-of-way.

(1) Overhead projections. Overhead building projections such as but not limited to awnings, canopies, balconies, and cantilevers, are permitted within the public right-of- way, provided that they leave a vertical clearance over the sidewalk or walkway of no lessthan nine feet, and shall not project more than eight feet into the public right-of-way. Any support post beneath the building projection shall be no greater than seven feet from the building façade, be designed to offer minimal disruption to sidewalk traffic, and meet all ADA clearance requirements.



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- (2) Amenities and furniture. Non-permanent street amenities such as street furniture for outside dining, benches, bike racks, planters, and street sales and displays are permitted between street trees and along sidewalks as long as they do not cause any hazard to the use of the bike lane; and they are located in a manner that leaves a continuous seven- foot wide pedestrian walkway.
- (3) Street Lighting. Street lighting shall be installed as part of the required street improvements within this zone. Street lighting shall complement the architectural design theme of the area.
- (4) Overhead utilities. All new development shall move all existing overhead utilities underground, and install all new utilities underground as well.
- (h) Round-a-bout. A round circle along any street intersection on the street regulation plan indicates a planned round-a-bout. As development occurs, street right-of-way shall be dedicated to the County to accommodate at least a 110-foot diameter round-a-bout. Round-a-bout improvements shall be installed when required by the County Engineer. Otherwise, all improvements installed shall be installed in a manner that does not create an undue burden on the construction of a future round-a-bout.

Sec 104-22-8 Street Regulating Plans

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The following maps depict the adopted Street Regulating Plans for their respective areas. The plans illustrate the intended street layout of the area and the designated street types. The plan is intended to be a guide for the placement of streets and mid-block alleys, and is not designed to survey-level accuracy. A mid-block alley shall be as close to the middle of the block as is practicable, and the street placement shall be within 200 feet of the location depicted on these maps. A land owner proposing development in an area that a street or alley is planned shall be responsible for dedicating the land and constructing the street or alley improvements.

Sec 104-22-7.030 Pathway Location and Design Standards

- (a) Pathways and sidewalks, generally.
 - (1) Each development shall be configured so that the maximum pathway or sidewalk walking-distance between a pathway or sidewalk intersection is 500 feet.
 - a. This distance may be increased for a segment of a pathway that travels through permanently preserved open space areas or areas very unlikely to ever develop.
 - A pathway or sidewalk intersection is where a pathway or sidewalk intersects with another pathway, sidewalk, or street.
 - (2) Pathway and sidewalk layout shall be designed in a manner that prioritizes efficiency of non-motorized modes of transportation.
 - (3) Pathways shall connect using shortest distance reasonably possible.
 - (4) Pathway and sidewalk layout shall provide for the continuation of existing pathways or sidewalks in the general area, and for future planned pathways, as shown on an adopted pathway plan, general plan, master trails plan, or other applicable adopted planning document.
 - (5) A pathway or sidewalk shall connect to any pathway or sidewalk stubbed from adjacent developed property.
 - (6) Continuation of a pathway or sidewalk to adjacent undeveloped property shall be provided with a stub to the subdivision boundary.
 - (7) Pathway and sidewalk arrangement shall not cause any unnecessary hardship for creating convenient and efficient access to nearby parcels that are likely to eventually be developed.
- (b) <u>Street-adjacent pathway</u>. Along each arterial, collector, and major neighborhood street, as provided in an adopted general plan, master streets plan, or similar adopted document, a 10-foot wide hard-surfaced pathway shall be installed.
 - (1) When determining which side of the street the pathway is required, preference shall be given to the side of the street that has optimal sun exposure during winter months.
 - (2) The Planning Director may require a pathway be located on the other side of the street to support pathway connectivity based on other factors such as existing or planned future pathways in the vicinity and potential pedestrian conflicts.
 - (3) The pathway shall be located within the street right-of-way unless expressly authorized by the County Engineer. If not located within the street right-of-way, a pathway easement is required.
 - (4) Unless required otherwise by the County Engineer, the pathway shall have an asphalt width of at least nine feet and be bounded on both sides by a six-inch concrete ribbon that is flush with the top of asphalt.
 - (5) Example:

- (c) Non-street-adjacent pathway. Where generally depicted on a map or in the text of an applicable street regulating plan, general plan, master streets plan, or when otherwise required herein or in a development agreement, a 10-foot wide hard-surfaced pathway shall be installed through the development.
 - (1) Where a pathway runs between buildings or fenced Lots, a minimum 30-foot pathway public rightof-way is required. The pathway shall run down the center of the 30-foot right-of-way.
 - (2) If both of the adjoining Lots or parcels are or will be single-family residential, and are deed-restricted to only allow a see through fence that is no greater than four-feet, then the pathway right-of-way may be reduced to 15 feet.
 - (3) The adjoining land owners are responsible for the maintenance and upkeep of the half of the pathway right-of-way that is adjacent to their Lot or Parcel.
 - (4) Example:

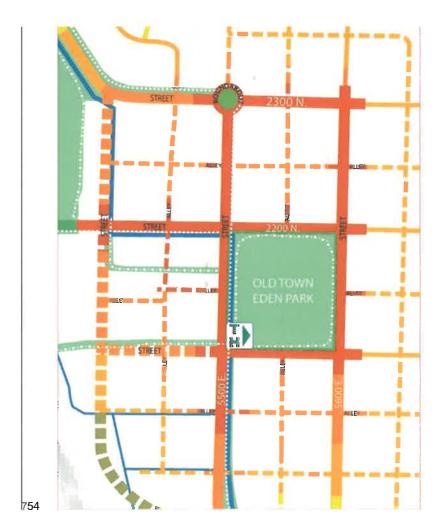
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Example: Non-Street-Adjacent Pathway





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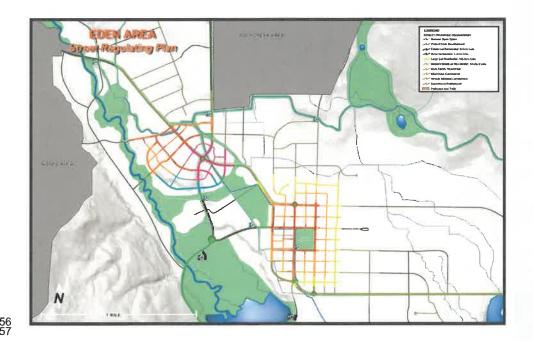


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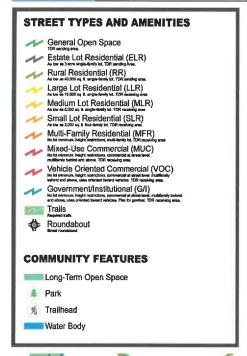
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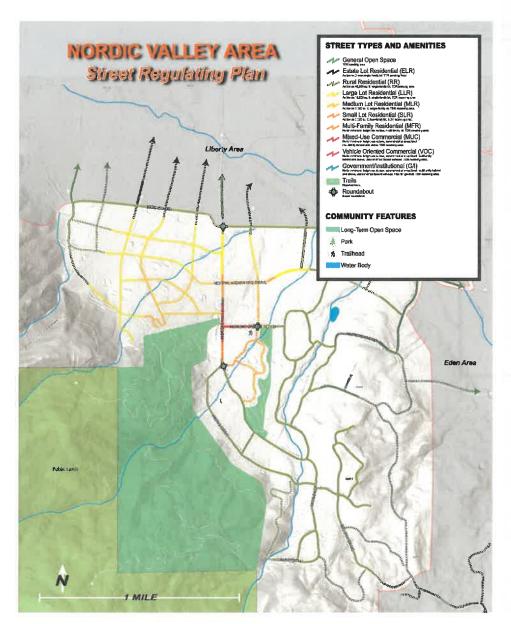


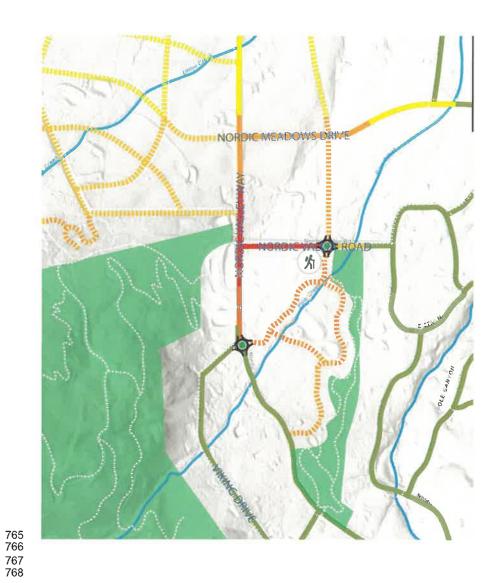
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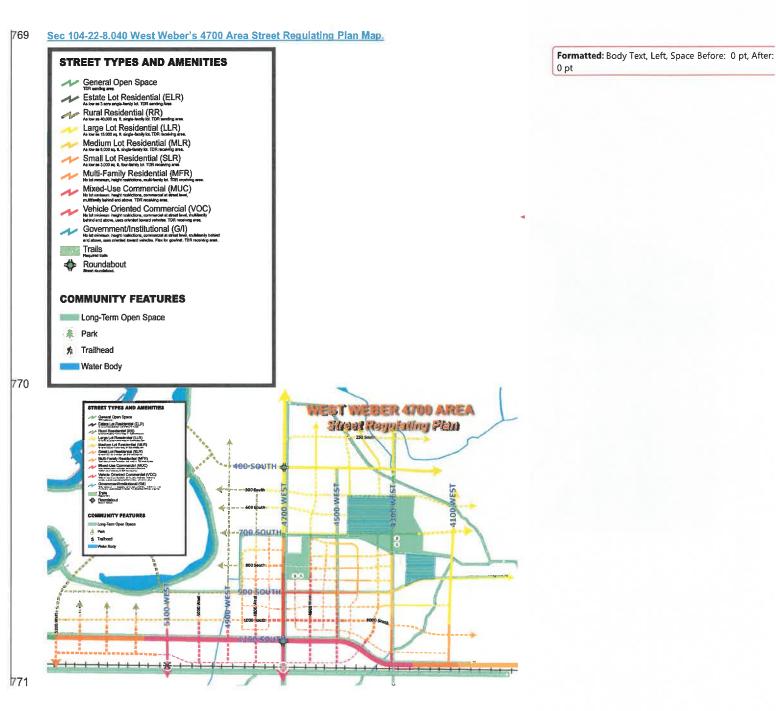
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Sec 104-22-9 Parking and Internal Block Access.

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- (a) Parking required. Each application for development shall include a parking plan that demonstrates that sufficient parking will be provided by the street parking adjacent to the building or an off-street parking lot within 1000 feet of the building. All parking lots shall be hard-surface asphalt or concrete, or other improved surface otherwise approved by the County Engineer and local fire authority. Street parking not adjacent to the lot's treet-frontage shall not be counted in determining that sufficient parking has been provided.
- (b) **Parking flexibility.** Except for residential uses, the Land Use Authority may reduce the minimum parking spaces required if sufficient evidence suggests that the required number of spaces is excessive for the building and proposed use or uses therein.
- (c) Parking related to a change of use. If a change of use occurs, more parking may be required if the new use merits it, as determined by the Land Use Authority. The applicant proposing to change the use shall be required to provide the additional off-street parking within 1000 feet of the use.
- (d) Residential parking. The minimum required parking for a residential use shall be located off-street within the same block as the residential use.
- (e) Parking lot trees. A surface parking lot shall have one tree for each four parking spaces, and a five-foot wide landscape planting area that runs the depth of the parking row shall be located at each end of a parking row.

- (f) Parking structure design standards. When located adjacent to a vehicle-oriented commercial, mixed use commercial, or multi-family residential street, a parking structure shall have first-floor street-level commercial space along the street's frontage. However, for a corner let_ot, this requirement applies to the façade that is adjacent to the more prominent street, as determined by the land use authority; the other façade shall have the same for no less than fifty percent of that façade's street frontage. The other fifty percent, and the area of the parking structure above the street level commercial space, shall have a street-facing facade that disguises the parking structure to generally look like other buildings in the area.
- (g) Cross-access and cross-access easement. For all parcels or lots_tots or Parcels along a governmental or institutional, vehicle-oriented commercial, mixed-use commercial, or multi-family residential street, providing access to adjacent existing or future development without the need to access the public right-of-way is required. This access shall be provided by a mid-block alley, where shown on a street regulating plan, or other alley or shared driveway as may be deemed necessary by the land use authority. When no new alley access is deemed necessary because an alley access or street access is already provided to the <u>Lot or Parcellet or parcel</u> through another <u>Lot or Parcellet or parcel</u>, then a cross-access easement shall be provided along adjoining lot lines, as follows:
 - a. A cross access easement shall provide an easement to all landowners in the block that develop along a governmental or institutional, vehicle-oriented commercial, mixed-use commercial, or multifamily residential street that is framing the block. The easement shall allow ingress and egress to these other lets_lots_or Parcels, including ingress and egress infrastructure.
 - b. At a minimum, each developed <u>Lot or Parcellet or parcel</u> shall have two points of ingress and egress, at least one of which shall be stubbed to adjacent property where practicable. Except that a parking area is allowed to only provide a single access as long as it does not block the accessibility to other areas within the block that are or could be used for public parking.
 - c. Each parking area that is located within the block and that will be open to the public for public parking shall be designed to extend to the parcel boundary and shall provide a cross access easement along all sides of the parking area abutting the adjacent lot_ot(s) or parcel/Parcel(s) in a manner that allows the adjoining Lot or Parcellet or parcel owner to extend that public parking area seamlessly into their parcel.
 - d. When locating a cross-access easement or designing the cross-access infrastructure, good faith efforts shall be made to coordinate the location and design with the adjoining land owner.
 - The Planning Director may require the cross-access to be located in a manner that optimizes internal block traffic circulation.
 - f. Construction of the cross-access infrastructure shall be completed prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for any structure on the <u>Lot or Parcellet or parcel</u>, or a completion bond may substitute for completion if allowed by the County Engineer.
 - g. When a Lot or Parcellet or parcel is being developed that abuts an existing cross-access easement or existing cross-access infrastructure, a reciprocal cross-access easement shall be provided on the same lot line or parcel line in the same location and of equal width. The reciprocal cross-access infrastructure shall be constructed to the same standard as, or better than, the existing cross-access infrastructure on the adjacent parcel. A cross-access easement shall be recorded on the title of all affected properties, along with a perpetual operation and maintenance agreement between the property owners that specifies, at a minimum, that the infrastructure will be operated and maintained by the property owners in a manner that is safe and usable for two-way vehicle traffic.
 - h. If property owners fail to operate or maintain cross-access infrastructure that was required by the County under this section, the County may pursue enforcement measures as provided in this Land Use Code.

Sec 104-22-10 Signage

In addition to the signage regulations in this Land Use Code, no signage shall be affixed to a building higher than the top of the second story.

Sec 104-22-11 Form-Base Zone Transferable Development Rights

Density allowance and transferable development rights. As provided in the Ogden Valley General Plan, the creation of dwelling units in the FB-Zene shall not create any new density in the Ogden Valley Planning Area unless otherwise provided in this Land Use Code. To establish the recidential dwelling unit rights that exist on a let or percel in the FB-Zene, or to increase or decrease recidential dwelling unit rights on a let or percel in the FB-Zene, the following apply:

- (a) Transfers, generally. To establish the -rResidential dwelling Development unit rRights that exist on a Lot or Parcellet or parcel in the FB Zone, or to increase or decrease rResidential dwelling unit Development rRights on a Lot or Parcellet or parcel in the FB Zone, the following apply:
 - (1) Base density. For a Liot or Parcel rezoned to the Form-Based Zone from a zone that allow(s)(ed) residential—dwelling units_including transfers within the Form-Based Zone, the base—Base densityDensity, as defined in Title 101, Chapter 2, shall be the same as the density that was allowed in the prior zone. This shall be documented by recording a covenant to the Lot or Parcellet or parcel that provides a calculation of the base—Base densityDensity. The covenant shall run with land, and be between the owner and the County.
 - (2) Transferred density. Additional residential Residential dwelling Development units Rights are permitted on any lot that has street frontage on, or gains primary access from, any street type in the street regulating plan except an Estate Lot Residential street, a general General open Open opace Space street, and in the Western Weber Planning Area, a Rural Residential street. However, no additional density Residential Development Right is allowed unless the landowner has successfully negotiated the reallocation of an equal number of Residential dwelling unitDevelopment Rights from another Lot or pearcel that has an available Residential dwelling unitDevelopment Right, as determined by the Lot or Pearcel's Bease Deensity and adjusted for any previous Residential Development dwelling unit right-Right reduction or addition.
 - a. The reallocation shall be made by recording a covenant to each affected <u>Lot or Parcellet er parcel</u>.
 - b. Each covenant shall run with the land and be between the owner and the County.
 - e-c. Each covenant shall document the applicable let_Lot or Pparcel's calculated base_Base densityDensity; the number of dwelling Units_Units_already developed on the let_Lot or Pparcel; the number of Residential Developmentdwelling unit rRights subtracted from, or added to, the base_Base_density_Density_by any means; and the number of dwelling unitResidential Development Reights remaining for the Let or Pparcel.
- (a)(b) Ogden Valley Planning Area Form-Based Zone transfers.
 - (1) Transfer allowances and limitations. Residential Development Rights may be transferred to a Lot or Parcel in a FB Zone from any Lot or Parcel in the following zones within the Ogden Valley Planning Area: RE-15, RE-20, AV-3, F-5, FV-3, S-1, FR-1, FR-3, RMH-1-6, CVR-1, and FB.
 - (2) Transfer ratio. The transfer ratio shall be one to one. This means for every one Residential Development Right transferred from a Lot or Parcel in the Ogden Valley Planning Area, one is allowed to be transferred to a Lot or Parcel within the FB Zone.
- (c) Western Weber Planning Area Form-Based Zone transfers.
 - (1) Transfer allowances and limitations. A Residential Development Right may be transferred to a Lot or Parcel in a FB Zone from any Lot or Parcel in the following zones within the West-Central Weber area: A-1, A-2, and A-3. Unless negotiated otherwise in a development agreement, a transfer from any Lot or Parcel is prohibited if the Lot or Parcel received a rezone after January 1, 2023 that increased the Base Density.
 - (2) Transfer ratio. The transfer ratio shall be one to three. This means for every one Residential Development Right transferred from a Lot or Parcel in the Western Weber Planning area, three are allowed to be transferred to a Lot or Parcel within the FB Zone.
 - (1) Transfer ratio incentive. However, the transfer ratio shall be one to five if transferred from a Lot

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or Parcel identified as "TDR Open Space Preservation," "Parks/Recreation," or "Agriculture" on the Future Land Use Map of the Western Weber General Plan.

(b)(d) Actual developable rights. Regardless of the number of residential Residential dwelling

Development unit rights Rights transferred to a Liot or Parcel in the FB Zone, or the applicable transfer

ratio, the number of dwelling units Units actually constructed shall be limited by what can be
constructed given compliance with the standards of this chapter.

Sec 104-22-12 Workforce Housing

Participation in creating workforce housing is required.

- (a) No transfer required. Workforce housing will not be deducted from the Liot or parcel's Parcel's development rights and is not required to be established through transferable development rights.
 - (1) Lot development standard reduced.
 - a. Unless the applicable lot development standards are more permissive, a structure that is exclusively devoted to, and deed restricted for, workforce housing may have a front yard setback of 20 feet, and a side and rear yard setback of five feet, and has no minimum area requirement.
 - b. In the event the provision for the required workforce housing results in the inability to realize the number of dwelling units that would otherwise be allowed if workforce housing was not required, then the applicable minimum lot development standards in the development may be reduced to no less than half of the applicable minimum lot development standard.
- (b) **Workforce housing requirements.** Unless otherwise negotiated by development agreement, one or more of the following workforce housing requirements shall be provided by the developer.
 - (1) Building and reservation of dwelling units. Dwelling units, in an amount that is equal to or greater than five percent of the non-workforce housing units being developed, shall be constructed and deed restricted for workforce housing;
 - (2) Fee in lieu. In lieu of building affordable housing units, a fee equaling up to two percent of the dwelling unit's market value, shall be paid for each dwelling unit constructed. This shall be implemented by a covenant recorded on title of each dwelling unit, and shall be paid at the time a building permit is issued, or prior to the transfer of the property's title after the dwelling unit has been completed:
 - (3) Buildable lot in lieu. In lieu of building affordable housing units, a lawfully subdivided lot_Lot or Liots in a size and configuration that is capable of supporting dwelling units in an amount that is equal to or greater than 10 percent of the non-workforce housing units being developed, shall be donated, with stubbed utilities, to the Weber Housing Authority for the purpose of meeting this requirement; or
 - (4) Floor area in lieu. Along G&I, VOC, MUC, MFR and SLR streets, floor area, in a size and configuration that is capable of supporting dwelling units in an amount that is equal to or greater than five percent of the non-workforce housing units being developed, shall be donated, with stubbed utilities, to the Weber Housing Authority for the purpose of meeting this requirement.
- (c) Workforce housing location. The required housing units, Llots, or floor area provided for workforce housing may be located outside of the proposed development but no greater than one mile from a G&I, VOC, or MUC street designation in the same planning area, or within one mile of a commercial or manufacturing CV 1, CV 2, or CVR 1 zone in the same planning area.
- (d) Weber housing authority. Eligibility and long-term monitoring of qualification for workforce housing is the responsibility of the Weber Housing Authority.